

2021 Census: Topic Consultation for Northern Ireland

Response 645283576

Sex (Demography)

- 1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether sex is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Basic demographic information is essential for the majority of census outputs and is assumed to be a key requirement of census users.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Sex	Collect	Essential demographic information.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about sex?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about sex for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about sex?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about sex meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about sex were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about sex?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about sex for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about sex?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
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4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about sex?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Large empty rectangular box for writing]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about sex?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for sex?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for sex?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for sex?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about sex?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about sex? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about sex in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Age (Demography)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether age is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Basic demographic information is essential for the majority of census outputs and is assumed to be a key requirement of census users.

 Topic detail: Age. Initial view: Collect. Comment: Essential demographic information. Age will be derived from the collection of date of birth.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about age?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about age for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about age?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about age meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about age were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about age?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about age for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about age?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about age?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about age?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for age?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for age?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for age?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about age?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about age? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered **yes** to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about age in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Marital or Legal Partnership status (Demography)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether marital or legal partnership status is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Basic demographic information is essential for the majority of census outputs and is assumed to be a key requirement of census users.

 Topic detail: Marital or Legal Partnership status. Initial view: Collect. Comment:
Essential demographic information.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about marital or legal partnership status for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about marital or legal partnership status?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about marital or legal partnership status meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about marital or legal partnership status were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about marital or legal partnership status?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about marital or legal partnership status for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for marital or legal partnership status?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about marital or legal partnership status?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about marital or legal partnership status? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about marital or legal partnership status in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Household and family relationships (Demography)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether household and family relationships is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Basic demographic information is essential for the majority of census outputs and is assumed to be a key requirement of census users.

 Topic detail: Household and family relationships. Initial view: Collect. Comment:
Essential demographic information.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about household and family relationships for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about household and family relationships?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about household and family relationships meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about household and family relationships were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about household and family relationships?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about household and family relationships for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for household and family relationships?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about household and family relationships?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about household and family relationships? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about household and family relationships in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Country of birth (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether country of birth is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Country of birth. Initial view: Collect. Comment: This is a key indicator of population change through migration.

Please select only one item

 Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about country of birth?

Please select only one item



No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about country of birth for?

Select all that apply

Please select all that apply



Resource allocation



Service planning and delivery



Targeting investment



Policy development and monitoring



Research requirement



Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about country of birth?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

NICEM has utilised the 2011 Census data on ethnic group, country of birth and national identity in an attempt to establish the BME population of NI and thus facilitate assessments of the adequacy of current provision in meeting need.

For example, data on ethnic group was utilised to establish the Traveller population in NI as part of NICEM's Traveller Voices for Change. This data was fundamental to assessments of population change since the previous Census and considerations of Traveller self-identification.¹

Census data on country of birth, nationality and language was utilised comparatively in research on the impact of the economic downturn on BME communities in the North West, in order to establish the representativeness of the cohort.² This then allowed the research to consider the issues affecting prevalent groups.

Data on ethnicity, compared with data from the 2001 Census, was vital to an analysis of the increase in the BME population that underlined baseline research on barriers to integration in NI.³ 2011 and 2001 Census data on country of birth was utilised to reinforce this analysis and assess the effect of migration following the accession of A8 States to the EU in 2004.⁴

In this same research, 2011 Census data on language was utilised to map the range of countries that recent migrants may have come from.⁵ Establishing these baseline figures was fundamental to expressing the need for research into the barriers to integration faced by the changing BME population in NI.

Establishing the BME population of NI through 2011 Census figures on country of birth and ethnicity was also fundamental to NICEM's 2014 Benchmarking Report, which assessed the adequacy and accessibility of current service provision in as regards hate crime, employment, housing, health, education and other areas.⁶

2011 Census data on this topic has also informed a number of consultation responses, which provide commentary on particular areas of policy. For example, NICEM utilised 2011 Census data on ethnicity to highlight the disproportionate impact of domestic violence on BME women as part of its response to the draft Victims Charter.⁷ Localised data is also important; for example, data on ethnic group by administrative geography was utilised as part of a response to Belfast City Council's proposed Employability and Skills Framework, in order to highlight the concentration of NI's BME population within Belfast and thus emphasise the need to allocate resources to tackling the barriers to employment that face these groups.⁸

Ultimately, the availability of accurate, comprehensive data on ethnicity, language and country of birth is vitally important to assessments of the adequacy and accessibility of services for BME communities in NI. However, the ability of NICEM to undertake these analyses is impeded significantly by the lack of a definitive figure for the BME population in NI that includes 'White' ethnic minorities, as discussed below.

1 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.7

2 McAfee, C., 'The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Black and Minority Ethnic People in the North West of Northern Ireland' (2014), p.2

3 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Black and Minority Ethnic People on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.5

4 ibid 5 ibid

6 NICEM, 'The Annual Human Rights and Racial Equality Benchmarking Report 2013/14' (2014), p.5

7 NICEM, 'Submission – Draft Victim Charter: A Department of Justice Consultation' (2014), p.3

8 NICEM, 'Submission – Consultation on Belfast Employability and Skills Framework' (2015), p.6

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about country of birth meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about country of birth were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

A key shortcoming with the data collected on ethnic group under the 2011 Census is the aggregation of data under the ‘White’ category. This is contrary to the approach taken in England and Wales where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘Irish Traveller’ and ‘Other White’.⁹

It is also contrary to the approach adopted in Scotland, where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated to include data on those who identify as ‘White Scottish’, ‘White Other British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘White Traveller’, ‘White Polish’ and ‘Other White’.¹⁰ Consequently, Northern Ireland (NI) is the only part of the United Kingdom (UK) where data collection on ethnicity fails to gather data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities.

Collection of data in the manner utilised in NI also diverges from United Nations (UN) recommendations on the gathering of census data. These recommendations define ethnicity as being:

‘based on a shared understanding of history and territorial origins (regional and national) of an ethnic group or community, as well as on particular cultural characteristics such as language and/or religion’.¹¹

Considering this definition, the aggregation of different ethnic groups under the ‘White’ category within the 2011 Census is suggestive of an erroneous conflation of ethnicity with race.

The aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities is problematic due to the underestimation of the ethnic minority population that it engenders. Available data suggests that a significant proportion of the Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) population in NI is ‘White’; if one considers those who identified themselves in the 2011 Census as having been born in Poland, Lithuania, Germany, Slovakia and Latvia alone, then this indicates a further 35,855

potential ‘White’ ethnic minority individuals.¹² This is significantly higher than even the total number of ethnic minorities identified in the 2011 Census (32,414) and would over double the identified ethnic minority population of NI.¹³

While nationality data from the 2011 Census may somewhat illuminate the ‘White’ ethnic minority population in NI, it cannot be viewed as a complete substitute for disaggregated data on ethnicity, as it does not capture large numbers of individuals who are captured under an ethnic group category. Indeed, an observation of comparable minority ethnic groups included in both nationality and ethnic group categories in the 2011 Census shows a 50.7% lower capture under nationality than under ethnic group.¹⁴

Ultimately, the construction of the current Census questions – i.e. the aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnicities and the limited ability of data on country of birth and nationality to substitute this data - means that information on second generation ‘White’ ethnic minorities is not available, thus leaving a significant gap in the data on NI’s BME population, even when data on ethnic group, nationality and country of birth are cross-referenced.

This is a matter of extreme concern, as the Census data on ethnicity is utilised to inform resource allocation by the Government, meaning that initiatives to assist ethnic minority individuals in NI are likely to be significantly under-resourced.¹⁵

Furthermore, as indicated by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, the Census data is used to inform Government policy-making, particularly regarding Section 75 groups, which has relevance to ethnic minorities who are racial and religious minorities.¹⁶

‘White’ ethnic minorities may face the same language barriers, cultural barriers, discriminatory treatment, hate crime victimisation and impeded access to services as other BME persons.^{17 18 19} Thus, the ability of the Government, statutory bodies and Non-Governmental Organisations to assess access to services, analyse the adequacy of current provision and ensure that adequate resources are accorded to relevant initiatives is significantly undermined.

NICEM recommends that the ‘White’ category under Ethnic Group be disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’ and ‘White Other’.

- 9 Office for National Statistics, 'Ethnicity and National Identity in England and Wales 2011' (2012), p.3
- 10 National Records of Scotland, 'Scotland's Census 2011 – Table DC2101SC – Ethnic Group by Sex by Age All People' (2011)
- 11 United Nations Secretariat, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Statistics Division, 'Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses: Revision 2' (2008), p.139
- 12 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: Country of Birth – Full Detail: QS206NI' (2011)
- 14 (Chinese, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Filipino, Thai, Malaysian, Iranian, Nepalese, Japanese, Korean, Indonesian, Vietnamese and Burmese) ibid; Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: National Identity – Full Detail: QS205NI' (2011)
- 15 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, '2021 Census: Topic Consultation for Northern Ireland' (2015), p.12
- 16 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'The Future Provision of Census of Population Information for Northern Ireland' (2014), p.9
- 17 McVeigh, R. and McAfee, C., "Za Chlebem": The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Polish Community in Northern Ireland' (2010), p.53
- 18 Kouvonen, A., Bell, J. and Donnelly, M., "'We Asked for Workers, But Human Beings Came" Mental Health and Well-Being of Polish Migrants in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.3-6
- 19 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.21-27

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about country of birth?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about country of birth for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

Ethnic group – Irish traveller

Country of birth – Polish Nationality - Polish

Main language – Polish, Lithuanian, Portuguese, Slovak, Chinese, Tagalog/Filipino, Latvian, Russian, Malayalam, Hungarian

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about country of birth?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about country of birth?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about country of birth?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for country of birth?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for country of birth?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for country of birth?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about country of birth?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about country of birth? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about country of birth in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Highest possible impact

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Passports held (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether passports held is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Passports held Initial view: Collect Comment: Testing for 2011 suggested that information on the passports held is an important element in establishing citizenship.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about passports held?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about passports held for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about passports held?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about passports held meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about passports held were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about passports held?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about passports held for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about passports held?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about passports held?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about passports held?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for passports held?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about passports held?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about passports held? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered **yes** to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about passports held in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

National identity (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether national identity is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: National identity. Initial view: Collect. Comment: A question on national identity was introduced in the 2011 Census across the UK primarily to enable people from minority ethnic populations to more fully articulate different aspects of their identity. It is acknowledged that there is an added dimension within a Northern Ireland context.

Please select only one item

 Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about national identity?

Please select only one item



No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about national identity for?

Select all that apply

Please select all that apply



Resource allocation



Service planning and delivery



Targeting investment



Policy development and monitoring



Research requirement



Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about national identity?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

NICEM has utilised the 2011 Census data on ethnic group, country of birth and national identity in an attempt to establish the BME population of NI and thus facilitate assessments of the adequacy of current provision in meeting need.

For example, data on ethnic group was utilised to establish the Traveller population in NI as part of NICEM's Traveller Voices for Change. This data was fundamental to assessments of population change since the previous Census and considerations of Traveller self-identification.¹

Census data on country of birth, nationality and language was utilised comparatively in research on the impact of the economic downturn on BME communities in the North West, in order to establish the representativeness of the cohort.² This then allowed the research to consider the issues affecting prevalent groups.

Data on ethnicity, compared with data from the 2001 Census, was vital to an analysis of the increase in the BME population that underlined baseline research on barriers to integration in NI.³ 2011 and 2001 Census data on country of birth was utilised to reinforce this analysis and assess the effect of migration following the accession of A8 States to the EU in 2004.⁴

In this same research, 2011 Census data on language was utilised to map the range of countries that recent migrants may have come from.⁵ Establishing these baseline figures was fundamental to expressing the need for research into the barriers to integration faced by the changing BME population in NI.

Establishing the BME population of NI through 2011 Census figures on country of birth and ethnicity was also fundamental to NICEM's 2014 Benchmarking Report, which assessed the adequacy and accessibility of current service provision in as regards hate crime, employment, housing, health, education and other areas.⁶

2011 Census data on this topic has also informed a number of consultation responses, which provide commentary on particular areas of policy. For example, NICEM utilised 2011 Census data on ethnicity to highlight the disproportionate impact of domestic violence on BME women as part of its response to the draft Victims Charter.⁷ Localised data is also important; for example, data on ethnic group by administrative geography was utilised as part of a response to Belfast City Council's proposed Employability and Skills Framework, in order to highlight the concentration of NI's BME population within Belfast and thus emphasise the need to allocate resources to tackling the barriers to employment that face these groups.⁸

Ultimately, the availability of accurate, comprehensive data on ethnicity, language and country of birth is vitally important to assessments of the adequacy and accessibility of services for BME communities in NI. However, the ability of NICEM to undertake these analyses is impeded significantly by the lack of a definitive figure for the BME population in NI that includes 'White' ethnic minorities, as discussed below.

1 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.7

2 McAfee, C., 'The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Black and Minority Ethnic People in the North West of Northern Ireland' (2014), p.2

3 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Black and Minority Ethnic People on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.5

4 ibid 5 ibid

6 NICEM, 'The Annual Human Rights and Racial Equality Benchmarking Report 2013/14' (2014), p.5

7 NICEM, 'Submission – Draft Victim Charter: A Department of Justice Consultation' (2014), p.3

8 NICEM, 'Submission – Consultation on Belfast Employability and Skills Framework' (2015), p.6

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about national identity meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about national identity were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

A key shortcoming with the data collected on ethnic group under the 2011 Census is the aggregation of data under the ‘White’ category. This is contrary to the approach taken in England and Wales where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘Irish Traveller’ and ‘Other White’.⁹

It is also contrary to the approach adopted in Scotland, where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated to include data on those who identify as ‘White Scottish’, ‘White Other British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘White Traveller’, ‘White Polish’ and ‘Other White’.¹⁰ Consequently, Northern Ireland (NI) is the only part of the United Kingdom (UK) where data collection on ethnicity fails to gather data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities.

Collection of data in the manner utilised in NI also diverges from United Nations (UN) recommendations on the gathering of census data. These recommendations define ethnicity as being:

‘based on a shared understanding of history and territorial origins (regional and national) of an ethnic group or community, as well as on particular cultural characteristics such as language and/or religion’.¹¹

Considering this definition, the aggregation of different ethnic groups under the ‘White’ category within the 2011 Census is suggestive of an erroneous conflation of ethnicity with race.

The aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities is problematic due to the underestimation of the ethnic minority population that it engenders. Available data suggests that a significant proportion of the Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) population in NI is ‘White’; if one considers those who identified themselves in the 2011 Census as having been born in Poland, Lithuania, Germany, Slovakia and Latvia alone, then this indicates a further 35,855

potential ‘White’ ethnic minority individuals.¹² This is significantly higher than even the total number of ethnic minorities identified in the 2011 Census (32,414) and would over double the identified ethnic minority population of NI.¹³

While nationality data from the 2011 Census may somewhat illuminate the ‘White’ ethnic minority population in NI, it cannot be viewed as a complete substitute for disaggregated data on ethnicity, as it does not capture large numbers of individuals who are captured under an ethnic group category. Indeed, an observation of comparable minority ethnic groups included in both nationality and ethnic group categories in the 2011 Census shows a 50.7% lower capture under nationality than under ethnic group.¹⁴

Ultimately, the construction of the current Census questions – i.e. the aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnicities and the limited ability of data on country of birth and nationality to substitute this data - means that information on second generation ‘White’ ethnic minorities is not available, thus leaving a significant gap in the data on NI’s BME population, even when data on ethnic group, nationality and country of birth are cross-referenced.

This is a matter of extreme concern, as the Census data on ethnicity is utilised to inform resource allocation by the Government, meaning that initiatives to assist ethnic minority individuals in NI are likely to be significantly under-resourced.¹⁵

Furthermore, as indicated by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, the Census data is used to inform Government policy-making, particularly regarding Section 75 groups, which has relevance to ethnic minorities who are racial and religious minorities.¹⁶

‘White’ ethnic minorities may face the same language barriers, cultural barriers, discriminatory treatment, hate crime victimisation and impeded access to services as other BME persons.^{17 18 19} Thus, the ability of the Government, statutory bodies and Non-Governmental Organisations to assess access to services, analyse the adequacy of current provision and ensure that adequate resources are accorded to relevant initiatives is significantly undermined.

NICEM recommends that the ‘White’ category under Ethnic Group be disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’ and ‘White Other’.

- 9 Office for National Statistics, 'Ethnicity and National Identity in England and Wales 2011' (2012), p.3
- 10 National Records of Scotland, 'Scotland's Census 2011 – Table DC2101SC – Ethnic Group by Sex by Age All People' (2011)
- 11 United Nations Secretariat, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Statistics Division, 'Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses: Revision 2' (2008), p.139
- 12 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: Country of Birth – Full Detail: QS206NI' (2011)
- 14 (Chinese, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Filipino, Thai, Malaysian, Iranian, Nepalese, Japanese, Korean, Indonesian, Vietnamese and Burmese) ibid; Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: National Identity – Full Detail: QS205NI' (2011)
- 15 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, '2021 Census: Topic Consultation for Northern Ireland' (2015), p.12
- 16 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'The Future Provision of Census of Population Information for Northern Ireland' (2014), p.9
- 17 McVeigh, R. and McAfee, C., "Za Chlebem": The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Polish Community in Northern Ireland' (2010), p.53
- 18 Kouvonen, A., Bell, J. and Donnelly, M., "'We Asked for Workers, But Human Beings Came" Mental Health and Well-Being of Polish Migrants in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.3-6
- 19 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.21-27

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about national identity?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

<input type="checkbox"/> Small Area	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Output Area	<input type="checkbox"/> Electoral Ward	<input type="checkbox"/> Assembly Area	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local Government District
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Northern Ireland	<input type="checkbox"/> Other – please specify below		

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about national identity for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

Ethnic group – Irish traveller

Country of birth – Polish Nationality - Polish

Main language – Polish, Lithuanian, Portuguese, Slovak, Chinese, Tagalog/Filipino, Latvian, Russian, Malayalam, Hungarian

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about national identity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about national identity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about national identity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for national identity?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about national identity?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Our market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about national identity? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about national identity in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Highest possible impact

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Ethnic group (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether ethnic group is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Ethnic group. Initial view: Collect. Comment: Ethnic Group is a key census variable, required for a wide range of uses by Government, academia and wider user community.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about ethnic group?

Please select only one item



No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about ethnic group for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply



Resource allocation



Service planning and delivery



Targeting investment



Policy development and monitoring



Research requirement



Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about ethnic group?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

NICEM has utilised the 2011 Census data on ethnic group, country of birth and national identity in an attempt to establish the BME population of NI and thus facilitate assessments of the adequacy of current provision in meeting need.

For example, data on ethnic group was utilised to establish the Traveller population in NI as part of NICEM's Traveller Voices for Change. This data was fundamental to assessments of population change since the previous Census and considerations of Traveller self-identification.¹

Census data on country of birth, nationality and language was utilised comparatively in research on the impact of the economic downturn on BME communities in the North West, in order to establish the representativeness of the cohort.² This then allowed the research to consider the issues affecting prevalent groups.

Data on ethnicity, compared with data from the 2001 Census, was vital to an analysis of the increase in the BME population that underlined baseline research on barriers to integration in NI.³ 2011 and 2001 Census data on country of birth was utilised to reinforce this analysis and assess the effect of migration following the accession of A8 States to the EU in 2004.⁴

In this same research, 2011 Census data on language was utilised to map the range of countries that recent migrants may have come from.⁵ Establishing these baseline figures was fundamental to expressing the need for research into the barriers to integration faced by the changing BME population in NI.

Establishing the BME population of NI through 2011 Census figures on country of birth and ethnicity was also fundamental to NICEM's 2014 Benchmarking Report, which assessed the adequacy and accessibility of current service provision in as regards hate crime, employment, housing, health, education and other areas.⁶

2011 Census data on this topic has also informed a number of consultation responses, which provide commentary on particular areas of policy. For example, NICEM utilised 2011 Census data on ethnicity to highlight the disproportionate impact of domestic violence on BME women as part of its response to the draft Victims Charter.⁷ Localised data is also important; for example, data on ethnic group by administrative geography was utilised as part of a response to Belfast City Council's proposed Employability and Skills Framework, in order to highlight the concentration of NI's BME population within Belfast and thus emphasise the need to allocate resources to tackling the barriers to employment that face these groups.⁸

Ultimately, the availability of accurate, comprehensive data on ethnicity, language and country of birth is vitally important to assessments of the adequacy and accessibility of services for BME communities in NI. However, the ability of NICEM to undertake these analyses is impeded significantly by the lack of a definitive figure for the BME population in NI that includes 'White' ethnic minorities, as discussed below.

1 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.7

2 McAfee, C., 'The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Black and Minority Ethnic People in the North West of Northern Ireland' (2014), p.2

3 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Black and Minority Ethnic People on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.5

4 ibid 5 ibid

6 NICEM, 'The Annual Human Rights and Racial Equality Benchmarking Report 2013/14' (2014), p.5

7 NICEM, 'Submission – Draft Victim Charter: A Department of Justice Consultation' (2014), p.3

8 NICEM, 'Submission – Consultation on Belfast Employability and Skills Framework' (2015), p.6

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about ethnic group meet your needs?

Please select only one item

Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about ethnic group were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

A key shortcoming with the data collected on ethnic group under the 2011 Census is the aggregation of data under the ‘White’ category. This is contrary to the approach taken in England and Wales where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘Irish Traveller’ and ‘Other White’.⁹

It is also contrary to the approach adopted in Scotland, where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated to include data on those who identify as ‘White Scottish’, ‘White Other British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘White Traveller’, ‘White Polish’ and ‘Other White’.¹⁰ Consequently, Northern Ireland (NI) is the only part of the United Kingdom (UK) where data collection on ethnicity fails to gather data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities.

Collection of data in the manner utilised in NI also diverges from United Nations (UN) recommendations on the gathering of census data. These recommendations define ethnicity as being:

‘based on a shared understanding of history and territorial origins (regional and national) of an ethnic group or community, as well as on particular cultural characteristics such as language and/or religion’.¹¹

Considering this definition, the aggregation of different ethnic groups under the ‘White’ category within the 2011 Census is suggestive of an erroneous conflation of ethnicity with race.

The aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities is problematic due to the underestimation of the ethnic minority population that it engenders. Available data suggests that a significant proportion of the Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) population in NI is ‘White’; if one considers those who identified themselves in the 2011 Census as having been born in Poland, Lithuania, Germany, Slovakia and Latvia alone, then this indicates a further 35,855

potential ‘White’ ethnic minority individuals.¹² This is significantly higher than even the total number of ethnic minorities identified in the 2011 Census (32,414) and would over double the identified ethnic minority population of NI.¹³

While nationality data from the 2011 Census may somewhat illuminate the ‘White’ ethnic minority population in NI, it cannot be viewed as a complete substitute for disaggregated data on ethnicity, as it does not capture large numbers of individuals who are captured under an ethnic group category. Indeed, an observation of comparable minority ethnic groups included in both nationality and ethnic group categories in the 2011 Census shows a 50.7% lower capture under nationality than under ethnic group.¹⁴

Ultimately, the construction of the current Census questions – i.e. the aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnicities and the limited ability of data on country of birth and nationality to substitute this data - means that information on second generation ‘White’ ethnic minorities is not available, thus leaving a significant gap in the data on NI’s BME population, even when data on ethnic group, nationality and country of birth are cross-referenced.

This is a matter of extreme concern, as the Census data on ethnicity is utilised to inform resource allocation by the Government, meaning that initiatives to assist ethnic minority individuals in NI are likely to be significantly under-resourced.¹⁵

Furthermore, as indicated by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, the Census data is used to inform Government policy-making, particularly regarding Section 75 groups, which has relevance to ethnic minorities who are racial and religious minorities.¹⁶

‘White’ ethnic minorities may face the same language barriers, cultural barriers, discriminatory treatment, hate crime victimisation and impeded access to services as other BME persons.^{17 18 19} Thus, the ability of the Government, statutory bodies and Non-Governmental Organisations to assess access to services, analyse the adequacy of current provision and ensure that adequate resources are accorded to relevant initiatives is significantly undermined.

NICEM recommends that the ‘White’ category under Ethnic Group be disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’ and ‘White Other’.

- 9 Office for National Statistics, 'Ethnicity and National Identity in England and Wales 2011' (2012), p.3
- 10 National Records of Scotland, 'Scotland's Census 2011 – Table DC2101SC – Ethnic Group by Sex by Age All People' (2011)
- 11 United Nations Secretariat, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Statistics Division, 'Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses: Revision 2' (2008), p.139
- 12 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: Country of Birth – Full Detail: QS206NI' (2011)
- 14 (Chinese, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Filipino, Thai, Malaysian, Iranian, Nepalese, Japanese, Korean, Indonesian, Vietnamese and Burmese) ibid; Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: National Identity – Full Detail: QS205NI' (2011)
- 15 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, '2021 Census: Topic Consultation for Northern Ireland' (2015), p.12
- 16 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'The Future Provision of Census of Population Information for Northern Ireland' (2014), p.9
- 17 McVeigh, R. and McAfee, C., "Za Chlebem": The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Polish Community in Northern Ireland' (2010), p.53
- 18 Kouvonen, A., Bell, J. and Donnelly, M., "'We Asked for Workers, But Human Beings Came" Mental Health and Well-Being of Polish Migrants in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.3-6
- 19 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.21-27

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about ethnic group?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about ethnic group for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

Ethnic group – Irish traveller

Country of birth – Polish Nationality - Polish

Main language – Polish, Lithuanian, Portuguese, Slovak, Chinese, Tagalog/Filipino, Latvian, Russian, Malayalam, Hungarian

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about ethnic group?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about ethnic group?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about ethnic group?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for ethnic group?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for ethnic group?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for ethnic group?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about ethnic group?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about ethnic group? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about ethnic group in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Highest possible impact

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Main language (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether main language is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Main langauge. Initial view: Collect. Comment: There is a strong user need for these data for service planning and resource allocation, as well as promoting community cohesion and preventing social isolation.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about main language?

Please select only one item



No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about main language for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply



Resource allocation



Service planning and delivery



Targeting investment



Policy development and monitoring



Research requirement



Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about main language?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

NICEM has utilised the 2011 Census data on ethnic group, country of birth and national identity in an attempt to establish the BME population of NI and thus facilitate assessments of the adequacy of current provision in meeting need.

For example, data on ethnic group was utilised to establish the Traveller population in NI as part of NICEM's Traveller Voices for Change. This data was fundamental to assessments of population change since the previous Census and considerations of Traveller self-identification.¹

Census data on country of birth, nationality and language was utilised comparatively in research on the impact of the economic downturn on BME communities in the North West, in order to establish the representativeness of the cohort.² This then allowed the research to consider the issues affecting prevalent groups.

Data on ethnicity, compared with data from the 2001 Census, was vital to an analysis of the increase in the BME population that underlined baseline research on barriers to integration in NI.³ 2011 and 2001 Census data on country of birth was utilised to reinforce this analysis and assess the effect of migration following the accession of A8 States to the EU in 2004.⁴

In this same research, 2011 Census data on language was utilised to map the range of countries that recent migrants may have come from.⁵ Establishing these baseline figures was fundamental to expressing the need for research into the barriers to integration faced by the changing BME population in NI.

Establishing the BME population of NI through 2011 Census figures on country of birth and ethnicity was also fundamental to NICEM's 2014 Benchmarking Report, which assessed the adequacy and accessibility of current service provision in as regards hate crime, employment, housing, health, education and other areas.⁶

2011 Census data on this topic has also informed a number of consultation responses, which provide commentary on particular areas of policy. For example, NICEM utilised 2011 Census data on ethnicity to highlight the disproportionate impact of domestic violence on BME women as part of its response to the draft Victims Charter.⁷ Localised data is also important; for example, data on ethnic group by administrative geography was utilised as part of a response to Belfast City Council's proposed Employability and Skills Framework, in order to highlight the concentration of NI's BME population within Belfast and thus emphasise the need to allocate resources to tackling the barriers to employment that face these groups.⁸

Ultimately, the availability of accurate, comprehensive data on ethnicity, language and country of birth is vitally important to assessments of the adequacy and accessibility of services for BME communities in NI. However, the ability of NICEM to undertake these analyses is impeded significantly by the lack of a definitive figure for the BME population in NI that includes 'White' ethnic minorities, as discussed below.

1 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.7

2 McAfee, C., 'The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Black and Minority Ethnic People in the North West of Northern Ireland' (2014), p.2

3 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Black and Minority Ethnic People on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), p.5

4 ibid 5 ibid

6 NICEM, 'The Annual Human Rights and Racial Equality Benchmarking Report 2013/14' (2014), p.5

7 NICEM, 'Submission – Draft Victim Charter: A Department of Justice Consultation' (2014), p.3

8 NICEM, 'Submission – Consultation on Belfast Employability and Skills Framework' (2015), p.6

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about main language meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully  Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about main language were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

A key shortcoming with the data collected on ethnic group under the 2011 Census is the aggregation of data under the ‘White’ category. This is contrary to the approach taken in England and Wales where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘Irish Traveller’ and ‘Other White’.⁹

It is also contrary to the approach adopted in Scotland, where the ‘White’ category is disaggregated to include data on those who identify as ‘White Scottish’, ‘White Other British’, ‘White Irish’, ‘White Traveller’, ‘White Polish’ and ‘Other White’.¹⁰ Consequently, Northern Ireland (NI) is the only part of the United Kingdom (UK) where data collection on ethnicity fails to gather data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities.

Collection of data in the manner utilised in NI also diverges from United Nations (UN) recommendations on the gathering of census data. These recommendations define ethnicity as being:

‘based on a shared understanding of history and territorial origins (regional and national) of an ethnic group or community, as well as on particular cultural characteristics such as language and/or religion’.¹¹

Considering this definition, the aggregation of different ethnic groups under the ‘White’ category within the 2011 Census is suggestive of an erroneous conflation of ethnicity with race.

The aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnic minorities is problematic due to the underestimation of the ethnic minority population that it engenders. Available data suggests that a significant proportion of the Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) population in NI is ‘White’; if one considers those who identified themselves in the 2011 Census as having been born in Poland, Lithuania, Germany, Slovakia and Latvia alone, then this indicates a further 35,855

potential ‘White’ ethnic minority individuals.¹² This is significantly higher than even the total number of ethnic minorities identified in the 2011 Census (32,414) and would over double the identified ethnic minority population of NI.¹³

While nationality data from the 2011 Census may somewhat illuminate the ‘White’ ethnic minority population in NI, it cannot be viewed as a complete substitute for disaggregated data on ethnicity, as it does not capture large numbers of individuals who are captured under an ethnic group category. Indeed, an observation of comparable minority ethnic groups included in both nationality and ethnic group categories in the 2011 Census shows a 50.7% lower capture under nationality than under ethnic group.¹⁴

Ultimately, the construction of the current Census questions – i.e. the aggregation of data on ‘White’ ethnicities and the limited ability of data on country of birth and nationality to substitute this data - means that information on second generation ‘White’ ethnic minorities is not available, thus leaving a significant gap in the data on NI’s BME population, even when data on ethnic group, nationality and country of birth are cross-referenced.

This is a matter of extreme concern, as the Census data on ethnicity is utilised to inform resource allocation by the Government, meaning that initiatives to assist ethnic minority individuals in NI are likely to be significantly under-resourced.¹⁵

Furthermore, as indicated by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, the Census data is used to inform Government policy-making, particularly regarding Section 75 groups, which has relevance to ethnic minorities who are racial and religious minorities.¹⁶

‘White’ ethnic minorities may face the same language barriers, cultural barriers, discriminatory treatment, hate crime victimisation and impeded access to services as other BME persons.^{17 18 19} Thus, the ability of the Government, statutory bodies and Non-Governmental Organisations to assess access to services, analyse the adequacy of current provision and ensure that adequate resources are accorded to relevant initiatives is significantly undermined.

NICEM recommends that the ‘White’ category under Ethnic Group be disaggregated into ‘White British’, ‘White Irish’ and ‘White Other’.

- 9 Office for National Statistics, 'Ethnicity and National Identity in England and Wales 2011' (2012), p.3
- 10 National Records of Scotland, 'Scotland's Census 2011 – Table DC2101SC – Ethnic Group by Sex by Age All People' (2011)
- 11 United Nations Secretariat, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Statistics Division, 'Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses: Revision 2' (2008), p.139
- 12 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: Country of Birth – Full Detail: QS206NI' (2011)
- 14 (Chinese, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Filipino, Thai, Malaysian, Iranian, Nepalese, Japanese, Korean, Indonesian, Vietnamese and Burmese) ibid; Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'Census 2011: National Identity – Full Detail: QS205NI' (2011)
- 15 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, '2021 Census: Topic Consultation for Northern Ireland' (2015), p.12
- 16 Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, 'The Future Provision of Census of Population Information for Northern Ireland' (2014), p.9
- 17 McVeigh, R. and McAfee, C., "Za Chlebem": The Impact of the Economic Downturn on the Polish Community in Northern Ireland' (2010), p.53
- 18 Kouvonen, A., Bell, J. and Donnelly, M., "'We Asked for Workers, But Human Beings Came" Mental Health and Well-Being of Polish Migrants in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.3-6
- 19 Scullion, G. and Rogers, S., 'Traveller Voices for Change: Mapping the Views of Irish Travellers on Integration and their Sense of Belonging in Northern Ireland' (2014), pp.21-27

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about main language?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about main language for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

Ethnic group – Irish traveller

Country of birth – Polish Nationality - Polish

Main language – Polish, Lithuanian, Portuguese, Slovak, Chinese, Tagalog/Filipino, Latvian, Russian, Malayalam, Hungarian

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about main language?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about main language?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about main language?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for main language?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about main language?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Our market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about main language? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about main language in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Highest possible impact

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Proficiency in English (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether proficiency in English is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Proficiency in English. Initial view: Collect. Comment: There is a strong user need for these data for service planning and resource allocation, as well as promoting community cohesion and preventing social isolation.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about proficiency in English?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about proficiency in English for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about proficiency in English?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about proficiency in English meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about proficiency in English were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about proficiency in English?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about proficiency in English for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about proficiency in English?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about proficiency in English?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about proficiency in English?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for proficiency in English?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about proficiency in English?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about proficiency in English? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered **yes** to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about proficiency in English in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Knowledge of Irish (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether knowledge of Irish is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Knowledge of Irish Initial view: Collect Comment: There is a strong user need for information on knowledge of Irish, not least to track change since 1991.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Irish for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Irish?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about knowledge of Irish meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about knowledge of Irish were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Irish?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Irish for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for knowledge of Irish?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about knowledge of Irish?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about knowledge of Irish? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about knowledge of Irish in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Knowledge of Ulster-Scots (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether knowledge of Ulster-Scots is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Knowledge of Ulster-Scots Initial view: Collect Comment: There is a strong user need for information on knowledge of Ulster-Scots, not least to track change since 2011.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about knowledge of Ulster-Scots meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about knowledge of Ulster-Scots were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Text area for specification]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Text area for specification]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about knowledge of Ulster-Scots in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Current religion and religion brought up in (Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether current religion and religion brought up in is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

There is a strong user need for information on ethnicity, identity, language and religion.

 Topic detail: Current religion and religion brought up in Initial view: Collect

Comment: NISRA intends to measure religion in a comparable manner to 2011 to examine change over time. NISRA also intends to ask the supplementary question on religion brought up in.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about current religion and religion brought up in for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about current religion and religion brought up in meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about current religion and religion brought up in were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about current religion and religion brought up in for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for current religion and religion brought up in?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about current religion and religion brought up in?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about current religion and religion brought up in? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about current religion and religion brought up in in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Long-term health problems or disability (Health)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether long-term health problems or disability is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on long-term health, general health and provision of unpaid care.

 Topic detail: Long-term health problem or disability Initial view: Collect
Comment: There is strong user demand for this information for resource allocation, identifying health inequalities and policy development and assessment.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about long-term health problems or disability for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about long-term health problems or disability?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about long-term health problems or disability meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about long-term health problems or disability were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about long-term health problems or disability?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about long-term health problems or disability for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for long-term health problems or disability?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about long-term health problems or disability?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about long-term health problems or disability? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about long-term health problems or disability in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Nature of long-term conditions (Health)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether nature of long-term conditions is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on long-term health, general health and provision of unpaid care.

 Topic detail: Nature of long-term conditions Initial view: Collect Comment: There is strong user demand for this information for resource allocation, understanding inequality and policy development and assessment.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about nature of long-term conditions?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about nature of long-term conditions for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about nature of long-term conditions?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about nature of long-term conditions meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about nature of long-term conditions were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about nature of long-term conditions?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about nature of long-term conditions for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about nature of long-term conditions?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about nature of long-term conditions?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about nature of long-term conditions?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for nature of long-term conditions?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about nature of long-term conditions?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

- 7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about nature of long-term conditions? If yes, please specify.**

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

- 7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.**

Please select only one item

Yes No

- 7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about nature of long-term conditions in the 2021 Census questionnaire?**

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

General health (Health)

- 1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether general health is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?**

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on long-term health, general health and provision of unpaid care.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
General health	Collect	There is strong user demand for this information for resource allocation, identifying health inequalities and policy development and assessment.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about general health?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about general health for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about general health?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about general health meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about general health were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about general health?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about general health for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about general health?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about general health?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about general health?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for general health?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for general health?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for general health?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about general health?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about general health? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about general health in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Provision of unpaid care (Health)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether provision of unpaid care is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

There is a strong user need for information on long-term health, general health and provision of unpaid care.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Provision of unpaid care	Collect	Required for policy formulation, planning formal care needs and resource allocation.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about provision of unpaid care for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about provision of unpaid care?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about provision of unpaid care meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about provision of unpaid care were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about provision of unpaid care?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about provision of unpaid care for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for provision of unpaid care?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about provision of unpaid care?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

- 7a)** Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about provision of unpaid care?
If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

- 7b)** If you answered **yes** to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

- 7c)** On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about provision of unpaid care in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Type and self-containment of accommodation (Housing and accommodation)

- 1)** To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether type and self-containment of accommodation is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Type and self-containment of accommodation	Collect	To provide housing stock information; including the number of household spaces within dwellings.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about type and self-containment of accommodation for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about type and self-containment of accommodation meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about type and self-containment of accommodation were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about type and self-containment of accommodation for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for type and self-containment of accommodation?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about type and self-containment of accommodation?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about type and self-containment of accommodation? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about type and self-containment of accommodation in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Rooms (Housing and accommodation)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether rooms is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Rooms	Collect	Number of rooms provides information on overcrowding and under-occupation. Information on number of rooms is required by Eurostat in lieu of floor space.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about rooms?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about rooms for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about rooms?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about rooms meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about rooms were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about rooms?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about rooms for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about rooms?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Large empty rectangular box for notes]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about rooms?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Large empty rectangular box for notes]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about rooms?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for rooms?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for rooms?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for rooms?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about rooms?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about rooms? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about rooms in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Household adaptations (Housing and accommodation)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether household adaptations is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Household adaptations	Collect	Consultation with users prior to the 2011 Census identified the need for information on the number of households where the property had been adapted for a range of health conditions or disabilities.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about household adaptations?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about household adaptations for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about household adaptations?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about household adaptations meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about household adaptations were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about household adaptations?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about household adaptations for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about household adaptations?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about household adaptations?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about household adaptations?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for household adaptations?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about household adaptations?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about household adaptations? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about household adaptations in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Tenure and landlord (Housing and accommodation)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether tenure and landlord is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

 Topic detail: Tenure and Landlord. Initial view: Collect. Comment: To provide housing stock information and full tenure and landlord details.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about tenure and landlord for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about tenure and landlord?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about tenure and landlord meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about tenure and landlord were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about tenure and landlord?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about tenure and landlord for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for tenure and landlord?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about tenure and landlord?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about tenure and landlord? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about tenure and landlord in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Central heating (Housing and accommodation)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether central heating is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Central heating	Further information required	As central heating is now essentially universal, the question in the 2011 Census focused on the type of central heating. NISRA notes that ONS does not intend to collect information in the 2021 Census on central heating. In light of the different distribution in Northern Ireland, and the anticipated further expansion of the natural gas network, NISRA's initial view is to continue to collect central heating information but also to explore alternative data sources.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about central heating?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about central heating for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about central heating?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about central heating meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about central heating were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about central heating?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about central heating for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about central heating?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about central heating?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about central heating?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for central heating?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for central heating?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for central heating?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about central heating?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about central heating? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about central heating in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Cars or vans (Housing and accommodation)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether cars or vans is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Cars or vans	Further information required	Used for traffic planning, however Census travel to work flow data are more useful. Alternative sources of data may be available.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about cars or vans?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about cars or vans for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about cars or vans?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about cars or vans meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about cars or vans were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about cars or vans?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about cars or vans for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about cars or vans?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about cars or vans?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about cars or vans?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for cars or vans?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for cars or vans?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for cars or vans?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about cars or vans?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about cars or vans? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered **yes** to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about cars or vans in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Qualifications held (Qualifications)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether qualifications held is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Information on qualifications held is widely used by a range of central and local government and statutory bodies. In the 2011 Census data were collected on academic, vocational and professional qualifications held.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Qualifications held	Collect	Highest level of qualification is used for developing policy, service planning and resource allocation.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about qualifications held?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about qualifications held for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about qualifications held?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about qualifications held meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about qualifications held were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about qualifications held?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about qualifications held for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about qualifications held?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about qualifications held?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about qualifications held?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for qualifications held?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for qualifications held?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for qualifications held?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about qualifications held?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about qualifications held? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about qualifications held in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Economic activity (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether economic activity is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Economic activity	Collect	There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census consultation.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about economic activity?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about economic activity for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about economic activity?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about economic activity meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about economic activity were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about economic activity?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about economic activity for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about economic activity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about economic activity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about economic activity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for economic activity?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for economic activity?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for economic activity?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about economic activity?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about economic activity? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about economic activity in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Occupation (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether occupation is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Occupation	Collect	There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census consultation.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about occupation?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about occupation for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about occupation?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about occupation meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about occupation were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about occupation?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about occupation for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about occupation?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about occupation?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about occupation?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for occupation?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for occupation?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for occupation?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about occupation?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about occupation? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about occupation in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Volunteering (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether volunteering is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Volunteering	Further information required	NISRA intends to clarify the user requirement for information about volunteering.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about volunteering?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about volunteering for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about volunteering?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about volunteering meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about volunteering were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about volunteering?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about volunteering for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about volunteering?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about volunteering?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about volunteering?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for volunteering?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about volunteering?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about volunteering? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about volunteering in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Year last worked (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether year last worked is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Year last worked	Further information required	The user requirement to collect this information through the Census is not clear.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about year last worked?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about year last worked for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about year last worked?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about year last worked meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about year last worked were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about year last worked?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about year last worked for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about year last worked?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about year last worked?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about year last worked?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for year last worked?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for year last worked?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for year last worked?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about year last worked?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about year last worked? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about year last worked in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Supervisory status (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether supervisory status is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Supervisory status	Further information required	The user requirement to collect this information through the Census is not clear.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about supervisory status?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about supervisory status for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about supervisory status?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about supervisory status meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about supervisory status were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about supervisory status?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about supervisory status for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about supervisory status?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about supervisory status?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about supervisory status?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for supervisory status?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for supervisory status?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for supervisory status?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about supervisory status?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about supervisory status? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about supervisory status in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Industry (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether industry is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Industry	Further information required	The user requirement to collect this information through the Census is not clear, although NISRA is required to provide it to Eurostat.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about industry?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about industry for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about industry?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about industry meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about industry were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about industry?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about industry for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about industry?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about industry?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about industry?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for industry?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for industry?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for industry?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about industry?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about industry? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about industry in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) (Labour market)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Labour market information is used in a variety of census outputs, showing how different sections of the population participate in various forms of work. There was a clear demand for labour market information in the 2011 Census topic consultation.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)	Derive	Methodology and quality would change if year last worked and industry are not collected.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about National Statistics Socio-economic classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Please select only one item

Yes No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Travel to work (Travel to work or place of study)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether travel to work is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Travel to work	Collect	This topic is widely used across central and local government for planning and monitoring transport policy. This question was well received in 2011 and NISRA intends to ask it again in 2021.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about travel to work?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about travel to work for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about travel to work?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about travel to work meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about travel to work were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about travel to work?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about travel to work for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about travel to work?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about travel to work?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about travel to work?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for travel to work?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for travel to work?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for travel to work?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about travel to work?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about travel to work? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about travel to work in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Travel to place of study (Travel to work or place of study)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether travel to place of study is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Travel to place of study	Collect	This topic is widely used across central and local government for planning and monitoring transport policy. This question was well received in 2011 and NISRA intends to ask it again in 2021.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about travel to place of study?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about travel to place of study for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about travel to place of study?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about travel to place of study meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about travel to place of study were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about travel to place of study?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about travel to place of study for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about travel to place of study?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about travel to place of study?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about travel to place of study?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for travel to place of study?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about travel to place of study?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about travel to place of study? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered **yes** to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about travel to place of study in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Intention to stay in UK (Migration)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether intention to stay in UK is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

The collection of this range of information has enabled the examination of individuals' migration history, alongside health, social and labour market questions, allowing us to obtain a clearer view of different types of migrants and their socio-economic outcomes, down to low geographic levels.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Intention to stay in UK	Collect	This is a key indicator of population change and migration, including identification of short-term residents.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about intention to stay in UK?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about intention to stay in UK for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about intention to stay in UK?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about intention to stay in UK meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about intention to stay in UK were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about intention to stay in UK?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about intention to stay in UK for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about intention to stay in UK?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about intention to stay in UK?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about intention to stay in UKc?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for intention to stay in UK?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about intention to stay in UK?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about intention to stay in UK? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about intention to stay in UK in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Ever lived outside Northern Ireland (Migration)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether ever lived outside Northern Ireland is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

The collection of this range of information has enabled the examination of individuals' migration history, alongside health, social and labour market questions, allowing us to obtain a clearer view of different types of migrants and their socio-economic outcomes, down to low geographic levels.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Ever lived outside Northern Ireland	Collect	The specific interest is in those who have ever lived outside Northern Ireland. This question was asked in 2001; while it would be interesting to ask about the UK, NISRA does not feel that would greatly benefit users.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about ever lived outside Northern Ireland meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about ever lived outside Northern Ireland were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about ever lived outside Northern Ireland in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Country of previous residence (Migration)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether country of previous residence is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

The collection of this range of information has enabled the examination of individuals' migration history, alongside health, social and labour market questions, allowing us to obtain a clearer view of different types of migrants and their socio-economic outcomes, down to low geographic levels.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Country of previous residence	Collect	This is a key indicator of population change and migration.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about country of previous residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about country of previous residence for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about country of previous residence?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about country of previous residence meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about country of previous residence were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about country of previous residence?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about country of previous residence for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about country of previous residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about country of previous residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about country of previous residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for country of previous residence?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about country of previous residence?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about country of previous residence? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about country of previous residence in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland (Migration)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

The collection of this range of information has enabled the examination of individuals' migration history, alongside health, social and labour market questions, allowing us to obtain a clearer view of different types of migrants and their socio-economic outcomes, down to low geographic levels.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland	Collect	The specific interest is in the most recent arrival into Northern Ireland. This question was asked in 2001; while it would be interesting to ask about the UK, NISRA does not feel that would greatly benefit users.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about most recent arrival to live in Northern Ireland in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Address one year ago (Migration)

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether address one year ago is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

The collection of this range of information has enabled the examination of individuals' migration history, alongside health, social and labour market questions, allowing us to obtain a clearer view of different types of migrants and their socio-economic outcomes, down to low geographic levels.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Address one year ago	Collect	Address one year ago was used to identify migration to Northern Ireland and also within Northern Ireland.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used 2011 Census information about address one year ago?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used 2011 Census information about address one year ago for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used 2011 Census information about address one year ago?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of census information and why the information is important for that.

2d) Did the information collected in the 2011 Census about address one year ago meet your needs?

Please select only one item

- Fully Partially No

2e) What additional information, if any, would you require about address one year ago were it to be included in the 2021 Census?

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used 2011 Census information about address one year ago?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used 2011 Census information about address one year ago for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- *Specific ethnic groups*
- *Minority religions*
- *Children in kinship care*
- *Pensioners*
- *NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)*
- *Specific occupation groups*

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about address one year ago?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about address one year ago?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about address one year ago?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with the 2011 Census outputs for address one year ago?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5b) Do you intend to compare the 2021 Census outputs with any earlier censuses for address one year ago?

Please select only one item

Yes No

5c) Have you compared 2011 Census outputs with earlier censuses for address one year ago?

Please select only one item

Yes No

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for continuity with previous censuses

Comparison with previous censuses is an important aspect of census analysis and, wherever appropriate, the 2021 Census questionnaire will collect the same information as the 2011 Census questionnaire.

However, plans for future comparisons will also be taken into account.

6) With which 2011 Census themes have you used information about address one year ago?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about address one year ago? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about address one year ago in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Income

1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether income is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?

[Click here for a reminder of our initial view](#)

Respondents to previous consultations have cited many potential uses of income data, for instance as an indicator of relative advantage and disadvantage and economic wellbeing, especially for low geographic levels and small population groups. Key users of income data include central government, private organisations and researchers.

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Income	Do not collect, explore administrative data potential	Explore producing as an enhanced output using data from administrative sources.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used any published information about income?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used information about income for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used information about income?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of this information and why the information is important for that.

2d) This question is not applicable.

2e) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used information about income?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used information about income for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about income?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about income?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about income?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) This question is not applicable.

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

6) With which themes would you use information about income?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None
 Other (please specify below)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about income? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about income in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

- 0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Sexual identity

- 1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether sexual identity is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?**

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Sexual identity	Further information required	It is acknowledged that there is a user need for information on sexual identity. While some suggest the Census is the right way to collect this information, concerns regarding privacy, acceptability, accuracy and the effect on the overall response rate need to be considered.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used any published information about sexual identity?

Please select only one item

Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used information about sexual identity for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below
[Large empty rectangular box for specification]

2c) How have you used information about sexual identity?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of this information and why the information is important for that.

[Large empty rectangular box for answer]

2d) This question is not applicable.

2e) This question is not applicable.

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used information about sexual identity?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used information about sexual identity for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about sexual identity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about sexual identity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about sexual identity?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) This question is not applicable.

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

6) With which themes would you use information about sexual identity?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None
 Other (please specify below)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about sexual identity? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about sexual identity in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

- 0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Second residence

- 1) To what extent do you agree with NISRA's initial view on whether second residence is collected on the 2021 Census questionnaire?**

Click here for a reminder of our initial view

Topic Detail	Initial view	Comment
Second residence	Further information required	ONS included a question in the England and Wales 2011 Census that asked respondents if they had a second residence that they stayed at for 30 days or more per year. This information was used to report the number of usual residents who said that they had a second residence, the location of their second residence and the type of second residence. NISRA did not have a corresponding question in the 2011 Census. However, NISRA is keen to establish the level of user need for this range of information from the Northern Ireland 2021 Census.

Please select only one item

Agree Disagree No strong view

2a) Have you used any published information on second residence?

Please select only one item

Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used information about second residence for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below
[Large empty rectangular box for specification]

2c) How have you used information about second residence?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of this information and why the information is important for that.

[Large empty rectangular box for response]

2d) This question is not applicable.

2e) This question is not applicable.

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used information about second residence?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (e.g. Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used information about second residence for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about second residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about second residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about second residence?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) This question is not applicable.

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

6) With which themes would you use information about second residence?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None
 Other (please specify below)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about second residence? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about second residence in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

- 0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Additional topic 1

1) Topic name:

2a) Have you used any published information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used information about this topic for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used information about this topic?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of this information and why the information is important for that.

2d) This question is not applicable.

2e) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used information about this topic?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used information about this topic for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) This question is not applicable.

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

6) With which themes would you use information about this topic?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None
 Other (please specify below)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about this topic? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about this topic in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

- 0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Additional topic 2

1) Topic name:

2a) Have you used any published information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used information about this topic for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used information about this topic?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of this information and why the information is important for that.

2d) This question is not applicable.

2e) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used information about this topic?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used information about this topic for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) This question is not applicable.

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

6) With which themes would you use information about this topic?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None
 Other (please specify below)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about this topic? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about this topic in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

- 0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Additional topic 3

1) Topic name:

2a) Have you used any published information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes No (Go to Question 4)

2b) If yes, what have you used information about this topic for?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Resource allocation Service planning and delivery Targeting investment
 Policy development and monitoring Research requirement Other purposes – please specify below

2c) How have you used information about this topic?

Please include details of the information sources you have used, what specific use you have made of this information and why the information is important for that.

2d) This question is not applicable.

2e) This question is not applicable.

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Purpose of user need

The purpose to which the information will be used, if collected, is central to the process. Purposes include, but are not restricted to, resource allocation, service planning, policy evaluation, and diversity monitoring.

Conversely; the implications if the data are not collected, for example increased financial costs or reduced quality of data used in planning, are also key.

Additionally, requirements arising from legislation (including EU legislation) strengthen the case for inclusion.

3a) At what geographical level have you used information about this topic?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Small Area Super Output Area Electoral Ward Assembly Area Local Government District
 Regional level (for example, Health and Social Care Trust) Northern Ireland Other – please specify below

3b) If you have used information about this topic for population sub-groups please tell us which sub-groups.

For example:

- Specific ethnic groups
- Minority religions
- Children in kinship care
- Pensioners
- NEETs (Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training)
- Specific occupation groups

[Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question](#)

Need for information on lower-level geographical areas or population sub-groups

There must be a need for information for population sub-groups and/or at lower-level geographical areas. Information that is only required for broad geographical areas or large population groups might be better obtained from other statistical sources.

In general, lower-level geography data must be easily aggregated to higher levels of geography, enabling outputs to be consistent and comparable.

4a) Is UK comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the UK)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4b) Is Republic of Ireland comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

If yes, please indicate the type of comparisons you are making.

Select all that apply:

Please select all that apply

- Comparisons at similar levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts across countries)
 Comparisons at different levels (for example, comparing Local Government Districts with the Republic of Ireland)
 Other – please specify below
[Form Field]

4c) Is other international comparability a requirement for you/your work for information about this topic?

Please select only one item

- Yes, essential Yes, strong need Yes, some need No

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Assessment of need for comparability beyond Northern Ireland

Data collected from the census should be required on a comparable basis. Where possible, if there is a user need, the three UK Census Offices will release census outputs that are consistent across the UK.

International requirements will be taken into account.

5a) This question is not applicable.

5b) This question is not applicable.

5c) This question is not applicable.

6) With which themes would you use information about this topic?

Select all that apply.

Please select all that apply

- Demography Ethnicity, Identity, Language and Religion Health Housing and accommodation
 Qualifications Labour market Travel to work or study Migration None
 Other (please specify below)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Requirement for multivariate analysis

A key benefit of census data is the ability to analyse particular variables against one another. A requirement to undertake multivariate analysis will affect whether suitable alternative sources for the information exist and may strengthen the case for inclusion in the census.

7a) Are you aware of alternative (non-census) sources of information about this topic? If yes, please specify.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Yes (please specify)

7b) If you answered yes to question 7a, please tell us whether the alternative source(s) meet your current requirements.

Please select only one item

- Yes No

7c) On a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = no impact and 10 = highest possible impact), what would be the adverse impact on you/your work if NISRA did not collect information about this topic in the 2021 Census questionnaire?

Please select your answer using the drop-down menu below.

Please select only one item

- 0 (No impact) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 (Highest possible impact)

Click here for a reminder of the evaluation criteria for this question

Suitability of alternative sources

The 2021 Census will only seek to collect information that there is no other means of obtaining. Consideration should be given to whether or not suitable information is available from other sources; for example administrative records or sample surveys.

In addition, the census should primarily aim to collect information that will remain relevant for a significant time after collection.

Additional information

Do you have any further comments relevant to this consultation?

About you

1) Are you answering this questionnaire on behalf of an organisation or as an individual?

(Required)

Please select only one item

Individual Organisation - please specify

Northern Ireland Council for Ethnic Minorities

2) Please provide your contact details.

Your name (Required)

Luke Kelly

e-mail address (Required)

Telephone number

3) Which of the following best describes the sector you work in?

This will assist us in monitoring the range of users the consultation has reached.

(Required)

Please select only one item

- Central government Local government Statutory body (e.g. health, education, housing, etc.)
 Private sector Social / Academic research Market research / Data analytics
 Charity / Community / Voluntary Utility Press / Media Genealogist / Family historian
 Other - please specify below

4) May we contact you to discuss your response to this consultation?

This may be to follow up any specific points that we need to clarify.

(Required)

Please select only one item

- Yes No

5) May we contact you in future about the 2021 Census?

For example, to provide you with a link to the results of this consultation, to inform you of further consultations or provide updated information on the 2021 Census.

(Required)

Please select only one item

- Yes No

Consent

To support transparency in our decision making process, responses to this consultation will be made public (subject to our Moderation Policy). This will include the name of the responding organisation (if applicable). However, names of individuals will only be published if you give consent below. Please note that we will not publish your contact details.

(Please be aware that any information provided in response to this consultation could be made publicly available if required under a Freedom of Information request)

(Required)

Please select only one item

- Yes, I consent to my name being published No, please remove my name before publishing

[Click here to view the Moderation Policy](#)