

NI Economy & Labour Market

A summary of key statistics

NISRA – Economic & Labour Market Statistics Branch

July 2024

Trusted statistics and research for a better society







NISRA: Trusted statistics & research for a better society

As highlighted in its <u>2019-2024 corporate plan</u>, the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA), which incorporates the General Register Office (GRO), is an executive agency within the Department of Finance and was established on 1 April 1996.

NISRA is the principal source of Official Statistics and social research on Northern Ireland. These statistics and research not only inform public policy but also academic and private sector research, and contribute to debate in the wider community. NISRA's services are afforded to a wide range of Government Departments and Non-Departmental Public Bodies to assist the policy process and delivery of their objectives and actions. NISRA is also responsible for conducting the decennial Census of Population.

This slide pack of key economic and labour market statistics has been sourced from the Agency's Economic and Labour Market Statistics Branch (ELMS). The pack provides a high-level statistical summary of the Northern Ireland economy and labour market and should be considered in conjunction with the detailed supporting information and commentary that can be accessed via the various links and associated sources that have been highlighted.

The pack is available from the <u>NISRA website</u>. In the interests of continuous improvement and adding value, NISRA is keen to hear your feedback and would appreciate any comments you may have (please e-mail comments to <u>economicstats@nisra.gov.uk</u>).

Special Thanks

NISRA would like to extend its thanks to all those businesses and members of the general public who have responded to the various surveys that the Agency conducts.

The provision of these key Economic and Labour Market indicators would simply not be possible without your continued support and co-operation, which is very much appreciated.

In a business context, the data you provide are the raw materials that we need to produce these statistics.

The information really is vital and is actively:

- Informing the development of Government policies; and
- Guiding decision making on 'reallife' issues.

NISRA-ELMS, Northern Ireland Statistics & Research Agency, Colby House, Stranmillis Court, Belfast, BT9 5RR <u>www.nisra.gov.uk</u>



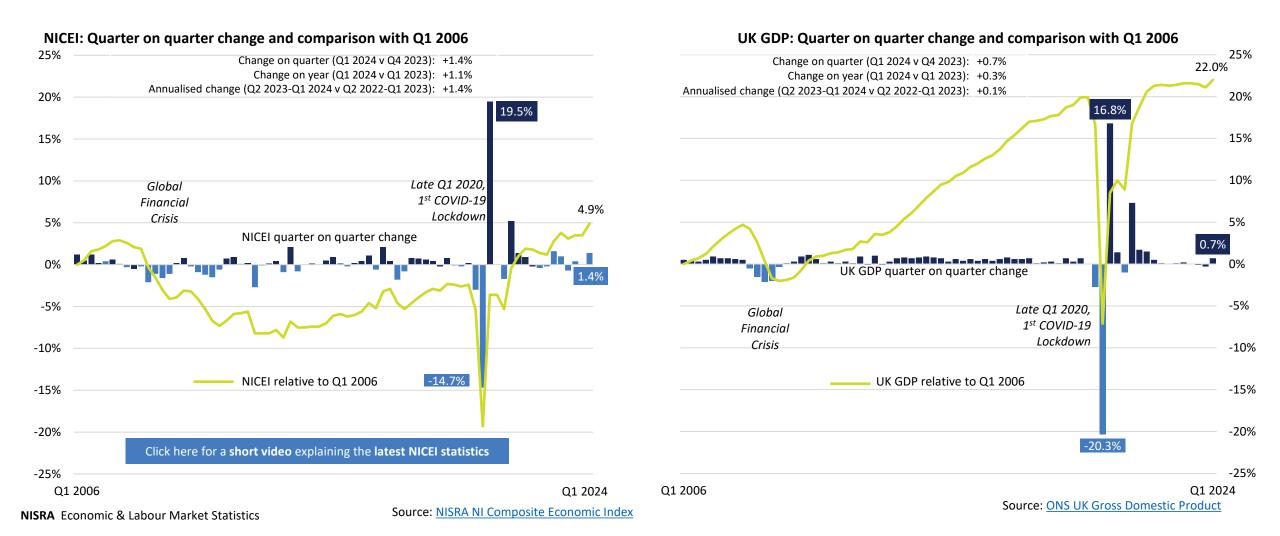


Economic Activity

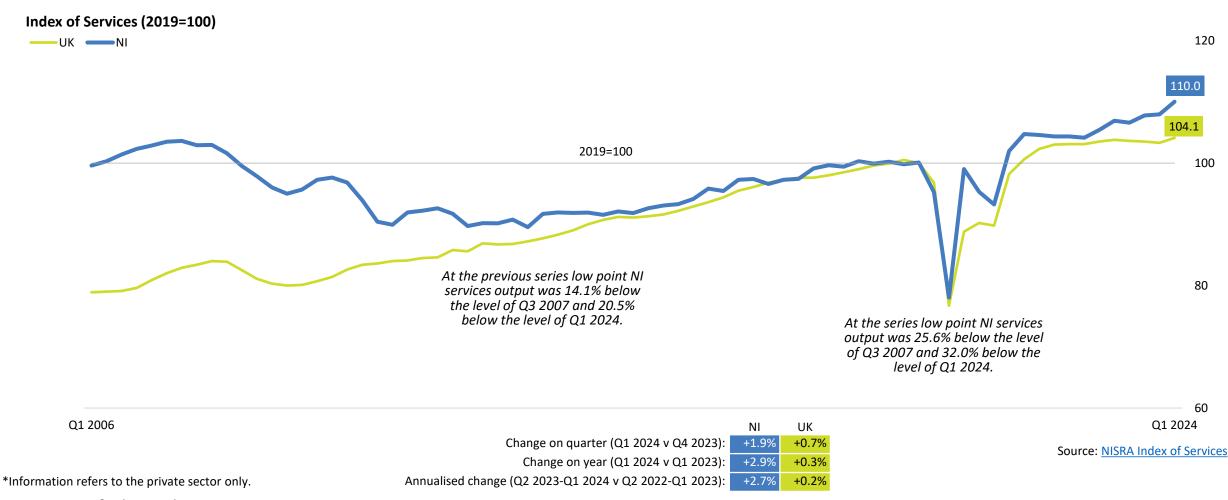




Overall economic activity in Northern Ireland has recovered from the prominent reduction in output during Q2 2020 and is currently at a level not seen since mid-2008. The UK economy has rebound beyond its pre-pandemic level, while growth since 2006 far exceeds that in NI. Latest figures (to Q1 2024) show that Economic activity in NI has increased by 1.4% over the quarter and by 1.1% over the year.



The service sector* accounts for just over half of economic activity in Northern Ireland. NI **services output** is up 2.9% over the year and by 1.9% over the latest quarter.

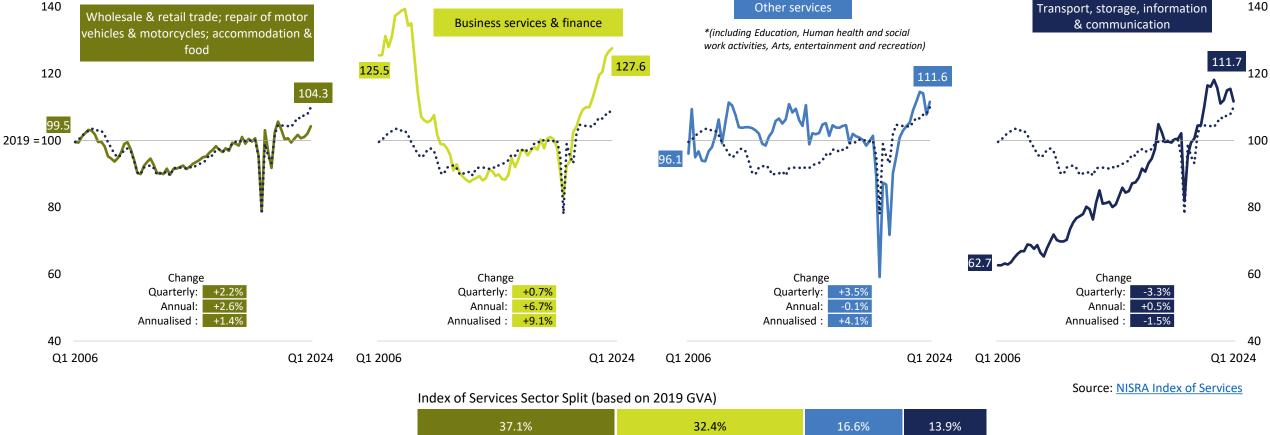


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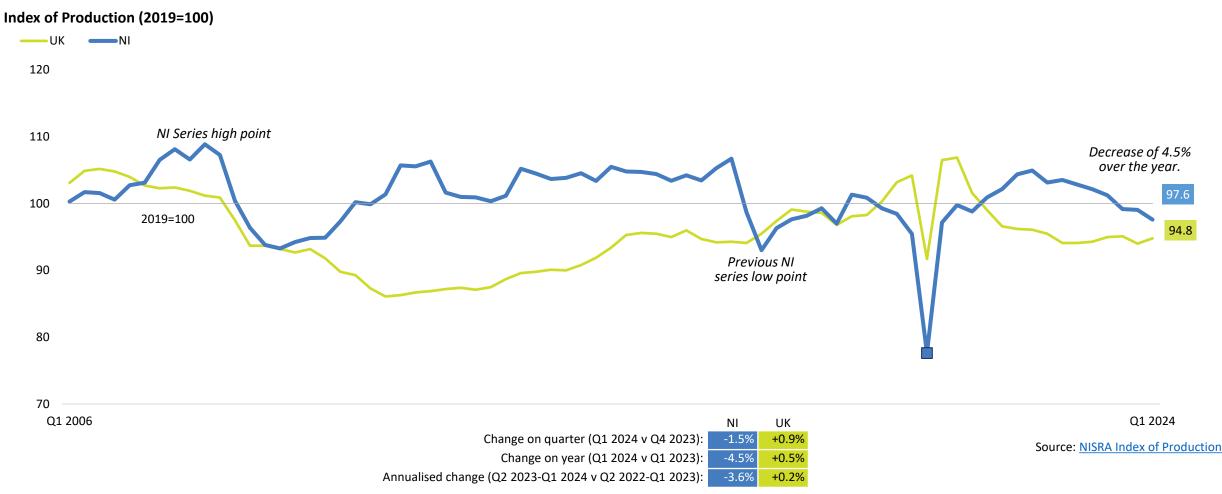
Latest figures show that **services output** is up across three out of four of sectors over the year to Q1 2024. The 'Business services & finance' sub-sector, which accounts for 32.4% of the overall services sector has experienced the strongest annual growth and is currently 6.7% above the level seen in Q1 2023.

Index of Services: Sectoral comparison

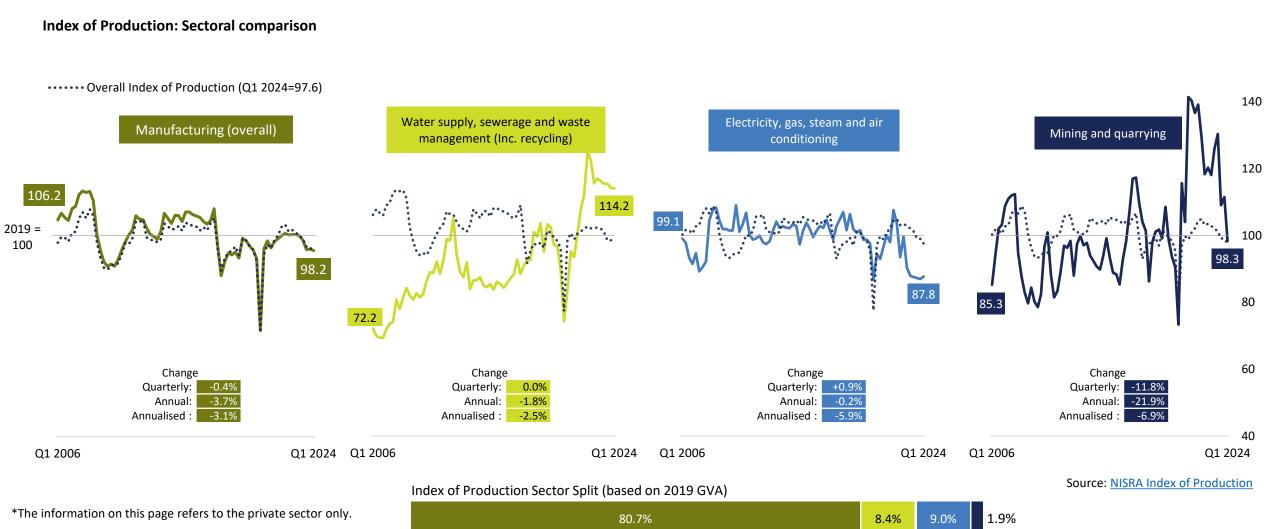
•••••• Overall Index of Services (Q1 2024=110.0)



Production accounts for around 16% of economic activity in Northern Ireland. Prior to COVID-19, production output had been noticeably impacted by the 2007/08 recession and substantially reduced output in the food, beverages & tobacco manufacturing sub-sector in 2017. **Production output** in NI decreased by 4.5% over the year.



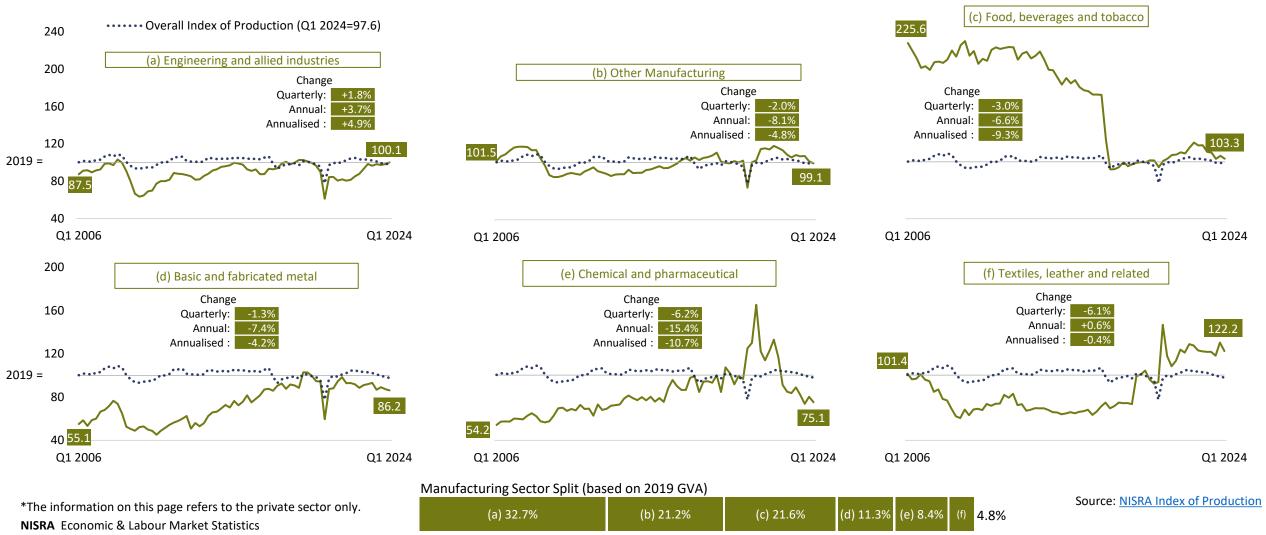
Latest figures for Q1 2024 show that Manufacturing, which accounts for the vast majority (80.7%) of production output, is below the level in Q1 2023 (-3.7%).



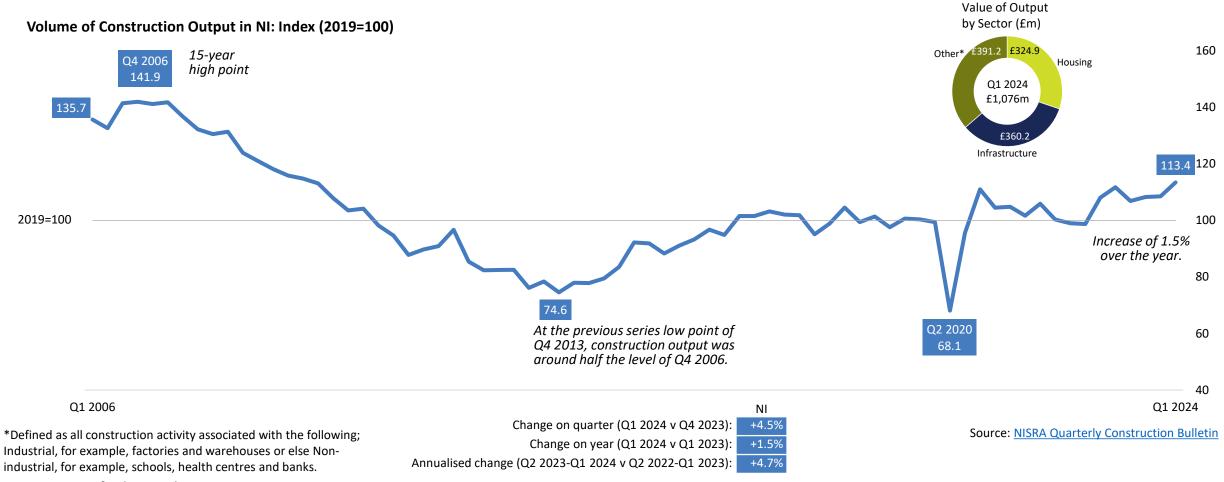
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Looking specifically at the **manufacturing subsectors**; over the quarter, output has increased in one of the six main sub-sectors ("Engineering and allied industries") and decreased in the remaining sub-sectors ("Total other manufacturing", "Basic metals and fabricated metal products", "Food products, beverages and tobacco products", "Chemical and pharmaceutical products" and "Textiles, leather and related products").

Index of Production: Sectoral comparison



Construction accounts for 7% of economic activity in NI. The fall in output has been severe since the 2007/08 recession and, despite a gradual recovery since 2014, output remains lower than the 15-year high in Q4 2006. Latest figures show that **construction output** has increased by 1.5% over the year.



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Business Activity





There are 79,830 VAT and/or PAYE registered businesses in NI and more than half of these are in the services sector.

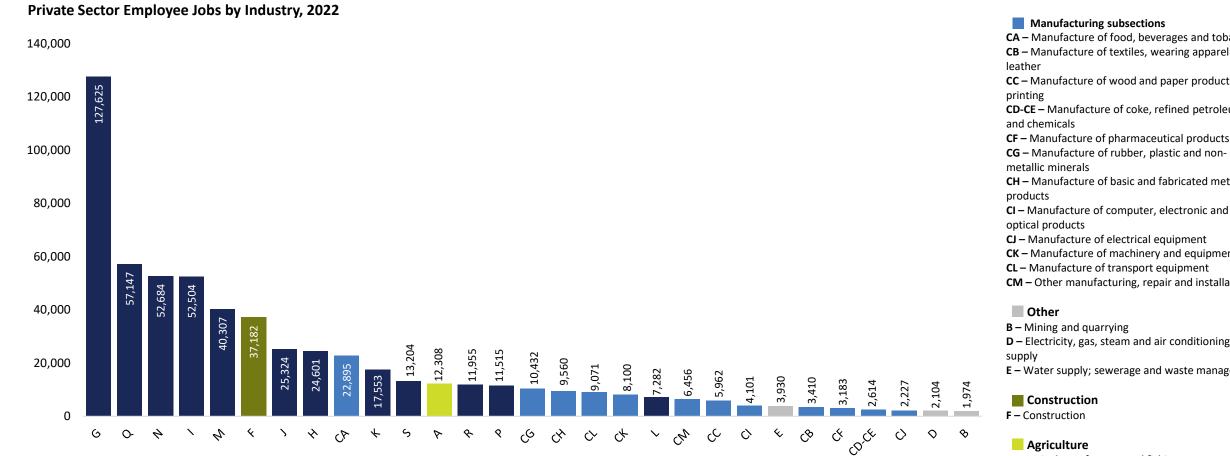
Number of NI Private Sector Businesses by Industry, March 2024

Services 44,095	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities, 4,840		Accomodation and food, 4,420		Agriculture,	forestry & fisł	ning 18,9	910	Cons	struction :	11,375	 a. Coke, refined petroleum & chemicals, 75 b. Pharmaceutical products, 15 c. Rubber, plastic and non-metallic products, 435 d. Computer, electronic and optical products, 90 e. Electrical equipment, 90 f. Machinery and equipment, 305 g. Transport equipment, 170 h. Mining and quarrying, 95 i. Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, 500 j. Water collection, treatment and supply, 240
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, 12,585	Administrative and support, 3,235		Human health and social work, 2,910									
	Transportation and storage, 2,885	Real estate, 2,495	Information and communication, 2,235 Finance and Education									
Professional, scientific and technical, 6,590				660	Manufact. 4,615 Other, 1,100	Basic and fabricated metal products, 1,000	Food, beverages and tobacco, 570	Paper products, 560	f c Te 20	xtiles, 0 a	Other 835 i	

Source: NISRA Inter Departmental Business Register

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Private sector businesses provide around 587,210 employee jobs*. More than one in five (22%) of these jobs are in the 'wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles' industry.



* Excludes working proprietors ** Includes data from farm census

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R – Arts, entertainment and recreation

S – Other service activities

H – Transportation and storage

L – Real estate activities

K – Financial and insurance activities

Services

P – Education

CA – Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco CB – Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and

G – Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles

I – Accommodation and food service activities J – Information and communication

M – Professional, scientific and technical activities

N – Administrative and support service activities O – Public administration and defence

Q – Human health and social work activities

CC – Manufacture of wood and paper products and

CD-CE – Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum

CG – Manufacture of rubber, plastic and non-

CH – Manufacture of basic and fabricated metal

CI - Manufacture of computer, electronic and

CJ – Manufacture of electrical equipment

CK – Manufacture of machinery and equipment

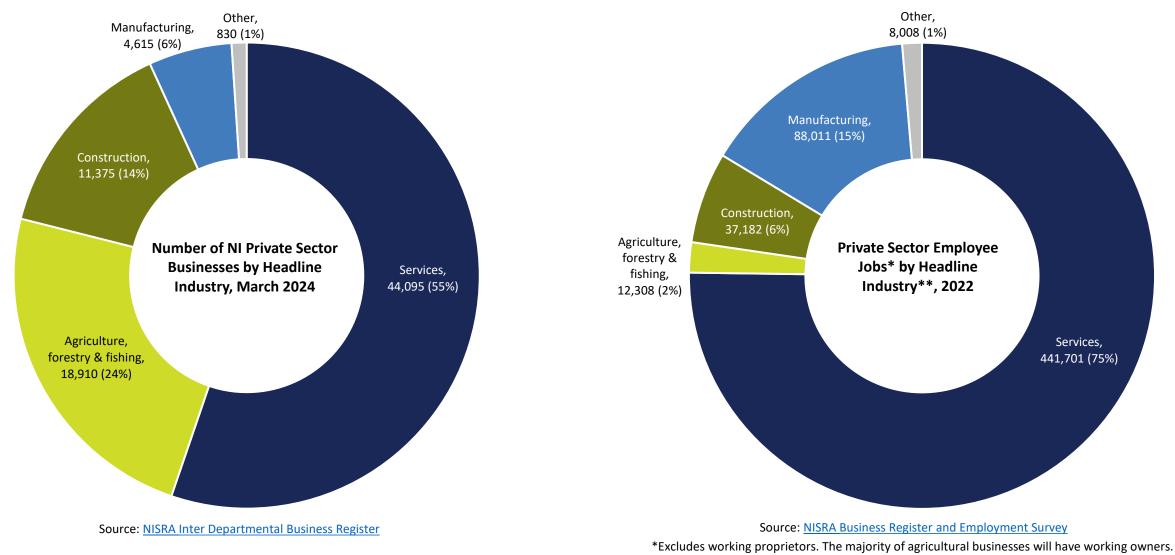
CL – Manufacture of transport equipment

CM – Other manufacturing, repair and installation

D – Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning

E – Water supply; sewerage and waste management

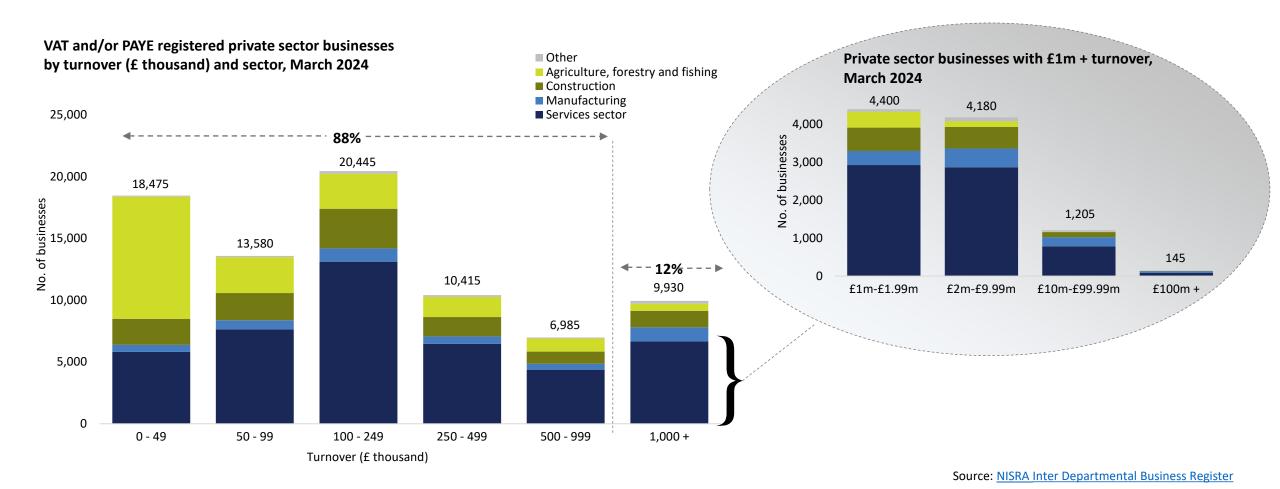
Agriculture A – Agriculture, forestry and fishing More than half of all VAT and/or PAYE registered businesses in NI are in the Services sector. In comparison, the Services sector provides three quarters of **private sector employee jobs**.



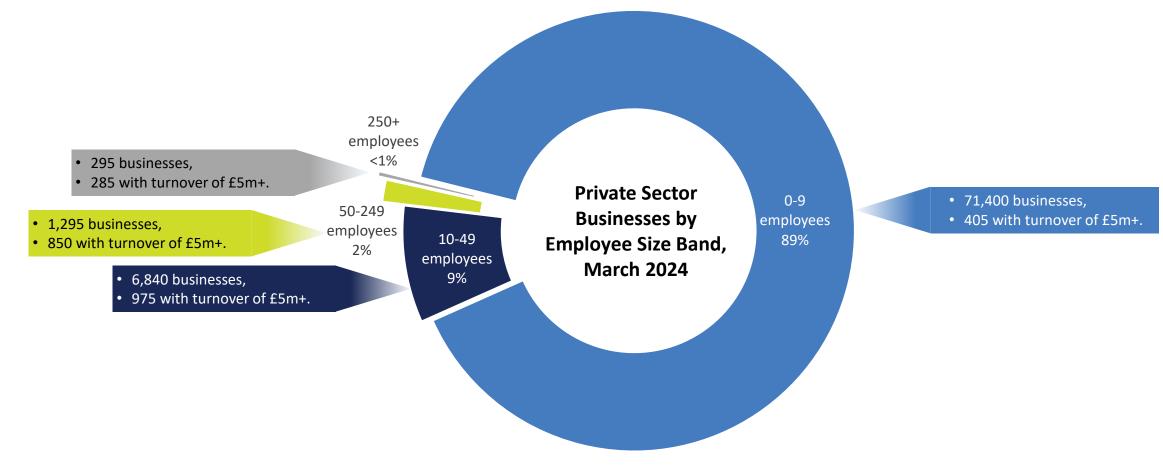
** Includes data from the DAERA Agriculture Census.

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Just over 1 in 10 private sector businesses generated a **turnover** of £1 million or more and around two-thirds of these are in the service sector.

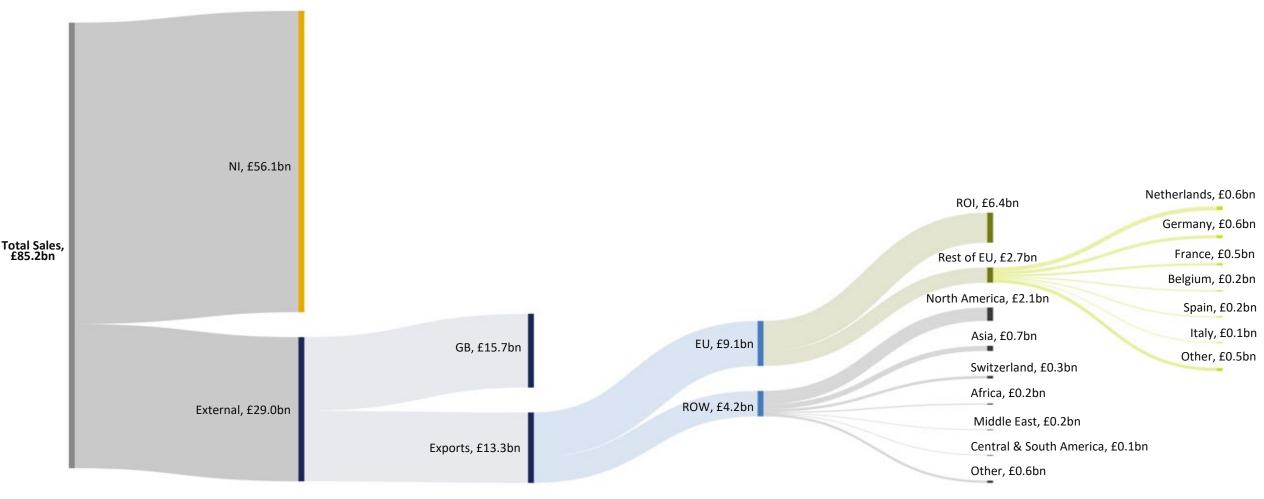


Around 9 in 10 private sector businesses have fewer than 10 employees. 25% of businesses with 10 or more employees generated a turnover of £5m or more.



Total **sales** by companies in NI were estimated to be worth £85.2 billion in 2022. Sales to customers outside Northern Ireland (External Sales) generated £29.0 billion, fairly evenly split between GB and **export** markets.

Sales by destination, 2022



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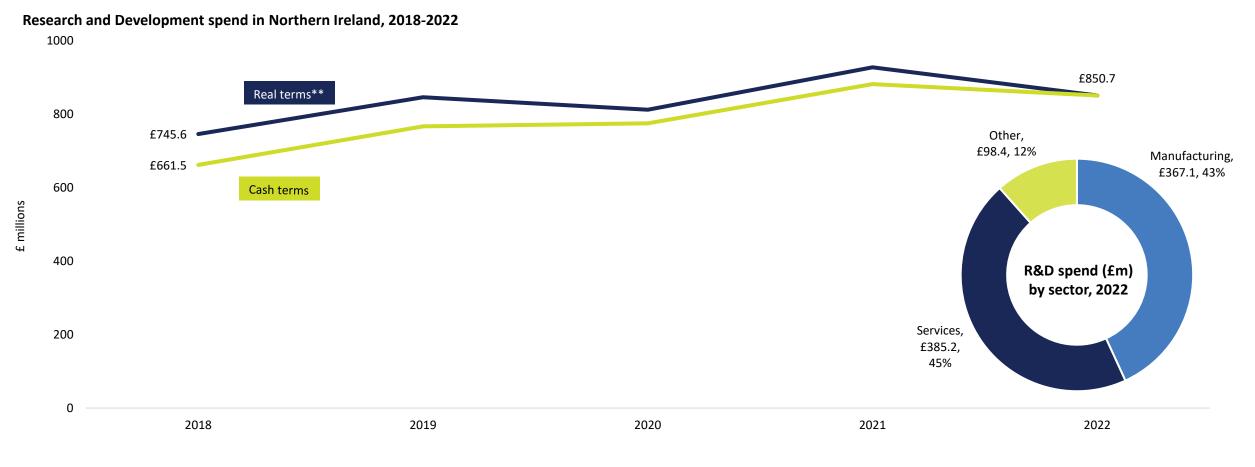
Source: NISRA Northern Ireland Economic Trade Statistics (NIETS)

Total **purchases** by companies in NI were estimated to be worth £54.0 billion in 2022. Purchases from customers outside Northern Ireland (External purchases) were worth £22.9 billion, with three-fifths of this coming from GB.

Purchases and imports by destination, 2022



Research & Development spend is viewed as a key indicator of innovation. Business spend on R&D was £850.7m in 2022. Latest results from the UK Innovation Survey show that around 2 in 5 businesses in NI* are 'innovation active'.



* Businesses of 10 or more employees. **Adjusted using GDP deflator to remove effects of inflation.

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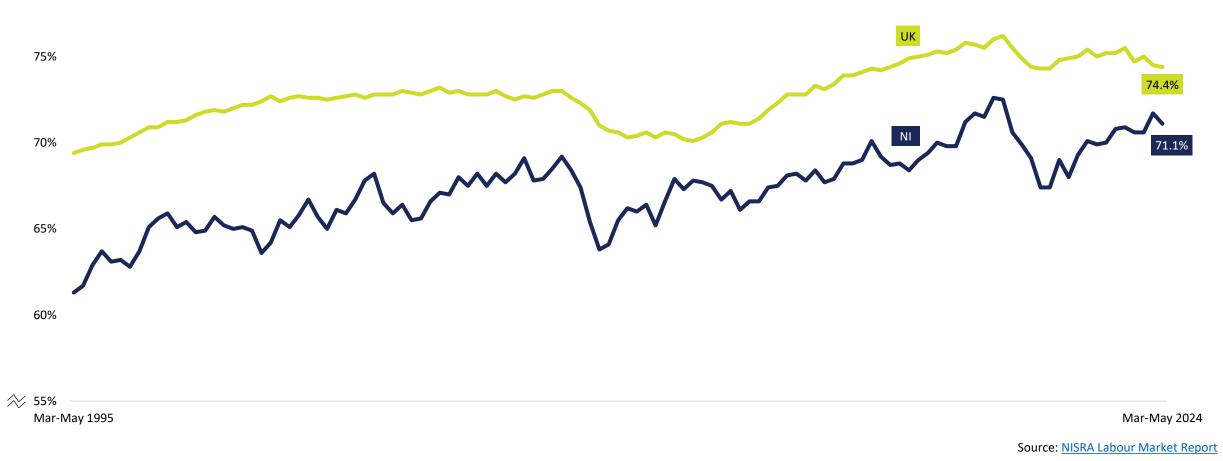
Labour Market





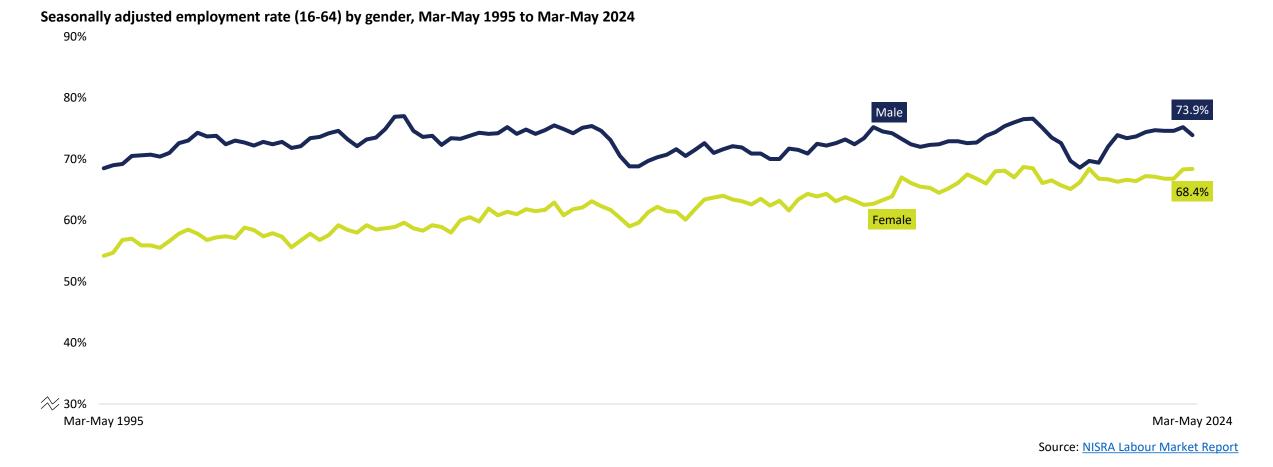
The **employment rate** has increased over the long-term, although the rate in NI is consistently below the rate in the UK overall. 13% of those in employment are self-employed (114,000).

Seasonally adjusted employment rate (16-64), Mar-May 1995 to Mar-May 2024



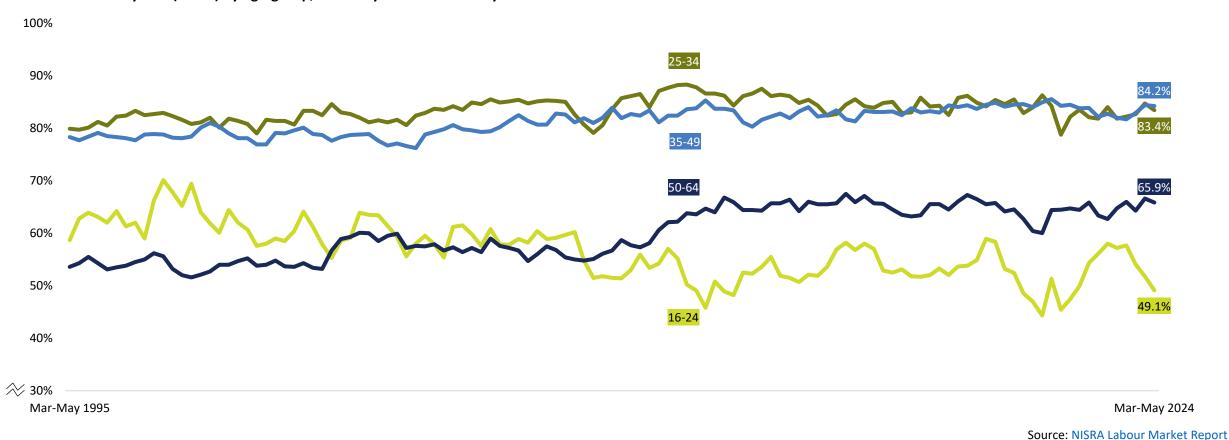
X Non-zero axis

The long-term increase in the employment rate is more pronounced among females. The gap between male and female **employment rates** has widened again in recent quarters and now stands at 5.5pps.



≫Non-zero axis

Economic activity among the youngest age-group (16-24) has dipped in the most recent quarter after previously bouncing back to pre-pandemic levels.

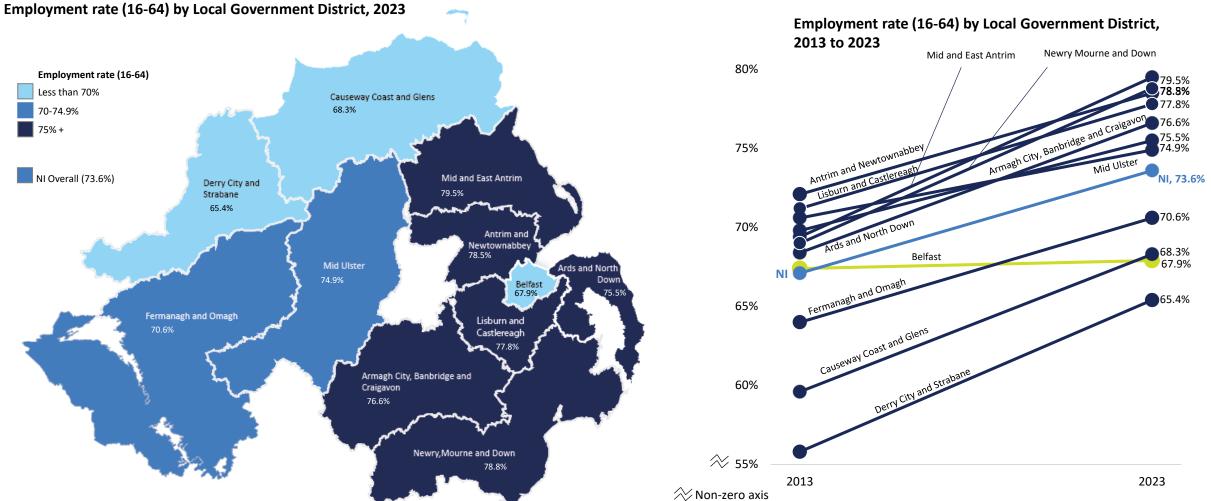


Economic activity rate (16-64) by age-group, Mar-May 1995 to Mar-May 2024

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於 Non-zero axis

Economic activity rates vary by Local Government District; they are lowest in Derry City and Strabane, and highest in Mid and East Antrim.

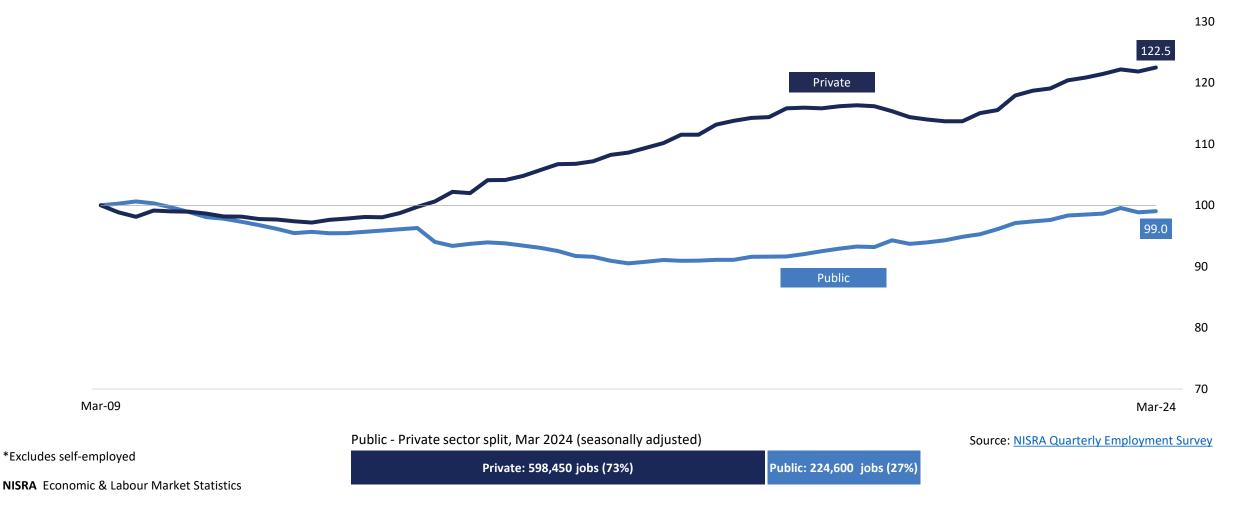


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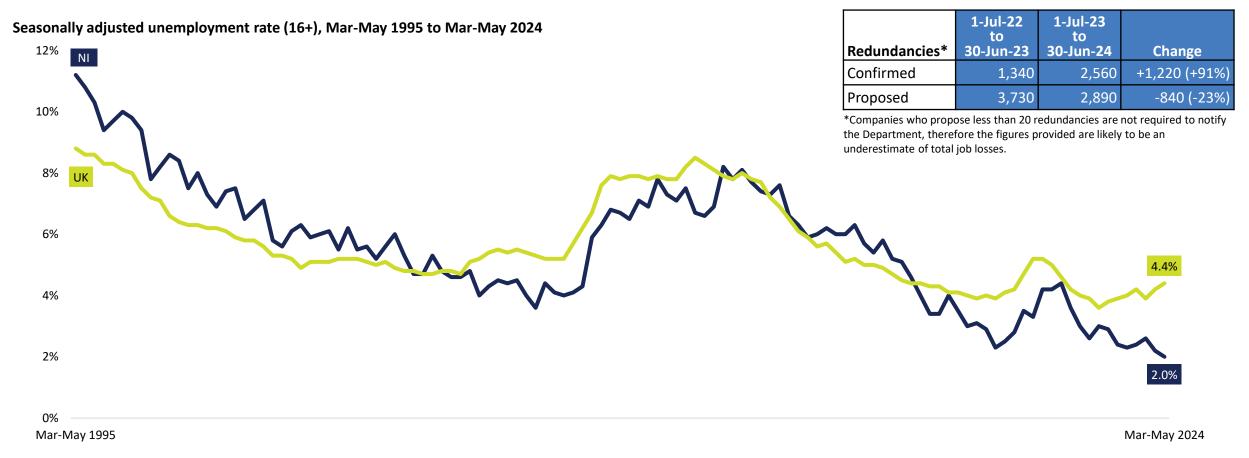
Source: NISRA Labour Force Survey Annual Report

The private sector accounts for around three-quarters of jobs* in Northern Ireland. The number of **private sector jobs** is around 22% higher than the level in March 2009, whereas there remains a similar level of **public sector jobs**.

Index of Private and Public Sector Jobs*, Mar 2009 – Mar 2024

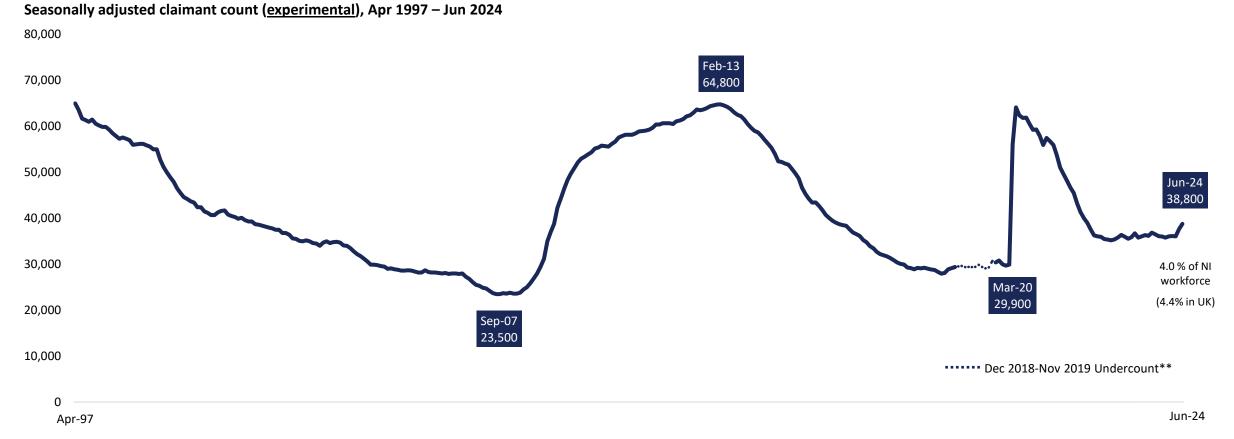


The **unemployment rate** in NI (2.0%) remains noticeably lower than the level following the post-2007/08 recession peak (8.2% in Jun-Aug 2012). The number of confirmed **redundancies*** in the year to 30th June 2024 is 91% higher than the number in the preceding 12 months.



Source: NISRA Labour Market Report

The **claimant count** consists of Jobseekers Allowance (JSA) claimants plus those Universal Credit (UC) claimants claiming for the reason of being unemployed*. The number of claimants more than doubled in the 2 months following the March 2020 lockdown. The total now stands at 38,800, just under 30% higher than in March 2020.

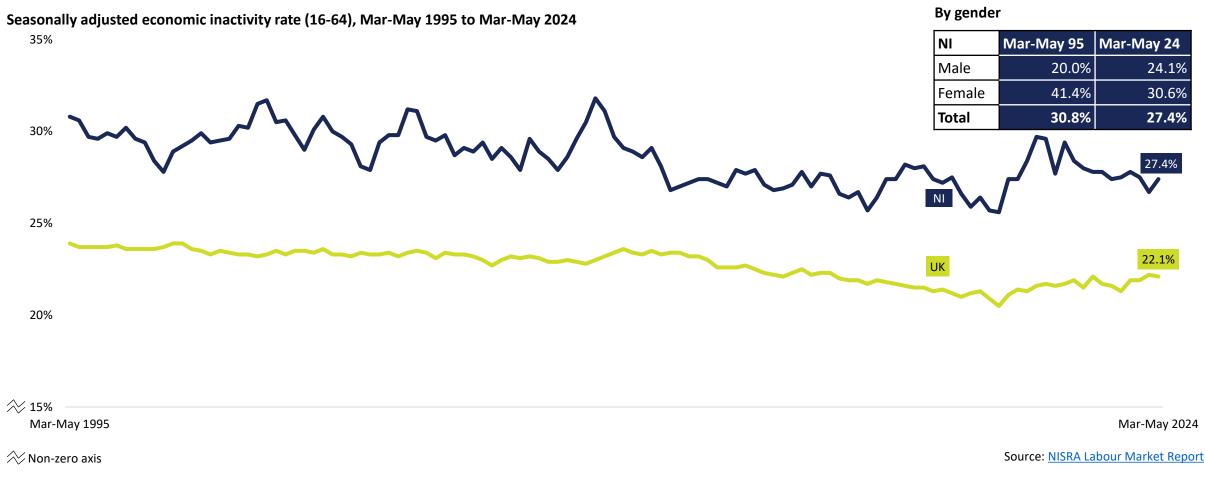


*Some claimants are wholly unemployed and seeking work, while others may be employed but with low earnings that make them eligible for unemployment related benefit support.

**A number of claims across the UK to the UC element of the Claimant Count were coded to incorrect locations for data relating to December 2018 to November 2019. This has been corrected for December 2019 onwards, but previous periods remain affected. The impact of the revision on NI for December 2019 was an increase of fewer than 1,000 cases.

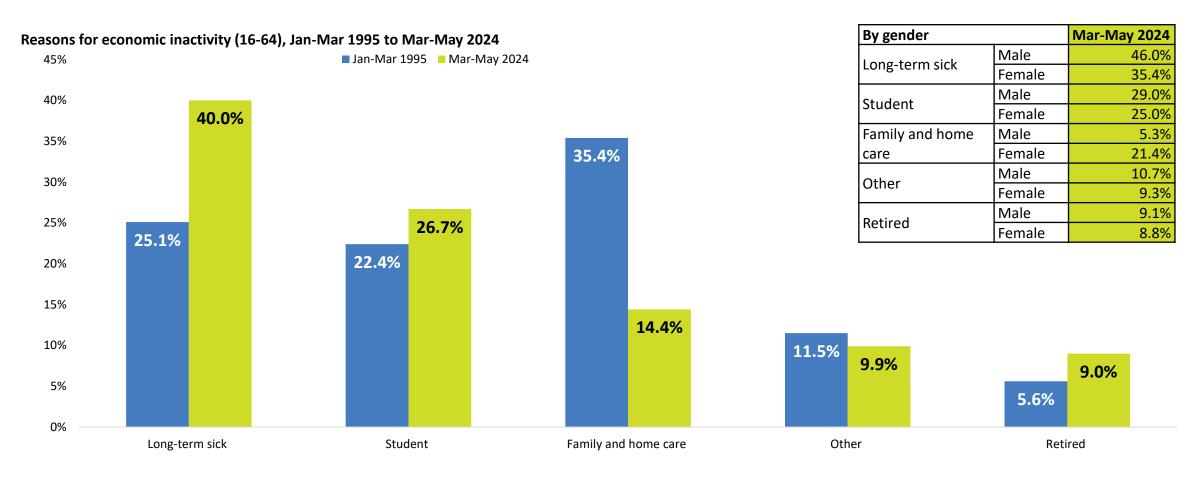
Source: NISRA Economic & Labour Market Statistics

The relatively high level of **economic inactivity** is a long-standing feature of the NI labour market. Although there has been some reduction over the long-term, the rate is still over 5 percentage points above that of the UK.



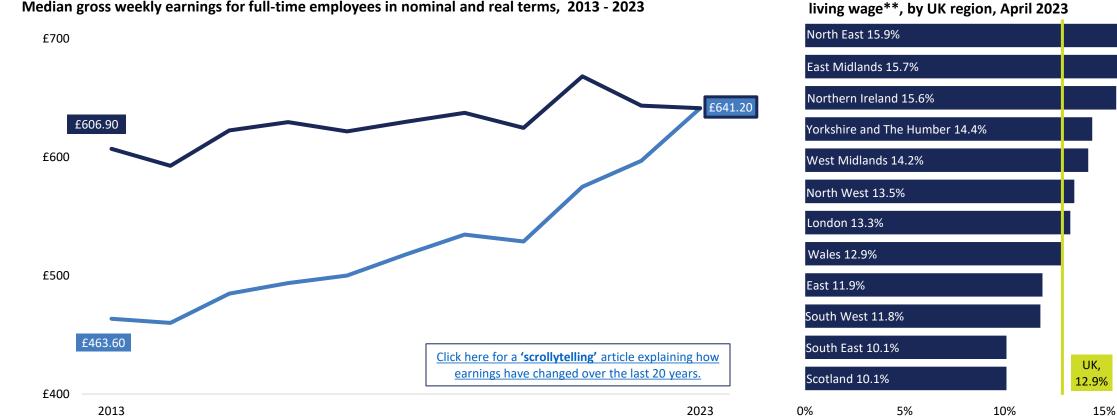
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There has been a shift in the underlying reasons for **economic inactivity** over the past 25 years. The proportion inactive due to family and home care reasons has reduced substantially and long-term sickness is now the largest contributor to inactivity.



Source: NISRA Labour Market Report

Earnings decreased by 0.3% in real terms* over the year to April 2023. Just over one in six jobs in Northern Ireland pays an hourly rate below the real living wage.



Median gross weekly earnings for full-time employees in nominal and real terms, 2013 - 2023

*CPIH adjusted to remove effects of inflation.

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Proportion of employee jobs with hourly earnings below the real

**As determined by the Living Wage Foundation. Real Living Wage = £12.00 (£13.15 in London).

20%

Source: NISRA Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings



To obtain more detailed information on the Northern Ireland economy, visit our website <u>www.nisra.gov.uk</u>



