

Northern Ireland Quarterly Index of Services

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Geographical Area: Northern Ireland

Theme: Economy

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Quarter 2 (April – June) 2019

Introduction

The quarterly Index of Services (IOS) provides a timely indicator of growth in the output of the private sector services industries in Northern Ireland (NI). IOS indices along with other published quarterly indices and unpublished agricultural output data are used to generate the Northern Ireland Composite Economic Index (NICEI), which provides a proxy measure of the total economic output of the NI economy on a quarterly basis.

Key Points

Output estimates are calculated from the IOS aspect of the Quarterly Business Survey (QBS). The IOS has a sample size of approximately 3,500, covering all private service sector businesses with 100 or more employees and a representative sample of smaller businesses.

- Services output in NI increased in Quarter 2 by 0.8% and increased by 0.5% over the year. NI services output is at its highest point over the past ten years, but is 2.6% lower than the highest point (Quarter 4 2006) since the series began. Services output in NI has recovered 11.3% since the lowest point (Quarter 2 2013) since the series began.
- The UK IOS reported growth in output over both the quarter (0.1%) and the year (1.6%).
- When the most recent four quarters are compared to the previous four quarters, the NI and UK services sectors showed annualised growth (1.3% and 1.9% respectively).
- The quarterly increase in NI services output has been driven by increases in the Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service (2.2%) and the Business services and finance (0.6%) sector. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in the Other services (2.8%) sector. There was no change in output in the Transport, storage, information and communications sector.
- The annual increase in NI services output has been driven by increases in the Business services and finance (2.8%); and the Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service (1.7%) sectors. Both the Other services (2.8%) and the Transport, storage, information and communications (6.5%) sectors saw decreases.

The Index of Services (IOS) Bulletin contains the following chapters:

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NATIONAL STATISTICS STATUS

National Statistics status means that our statistics meet the highest standards of trustworthiness, quality and public value, and it is our responsibility to maintain compliance with these standards.

These statistics were designated as National Statistics on 5th August 2011 following a full [assessment](#) against the [Code of Practice](#).

Since the assessment by the UK Statistics Authority, we have continued to comply with the Code of Practice for Statistics, and have made the following improvements:

- Removed pre-release access to enhance trustworthiness and also brought the publication date forward as a result;
- Reduced [business burden](#) by offering the option of online data returns.

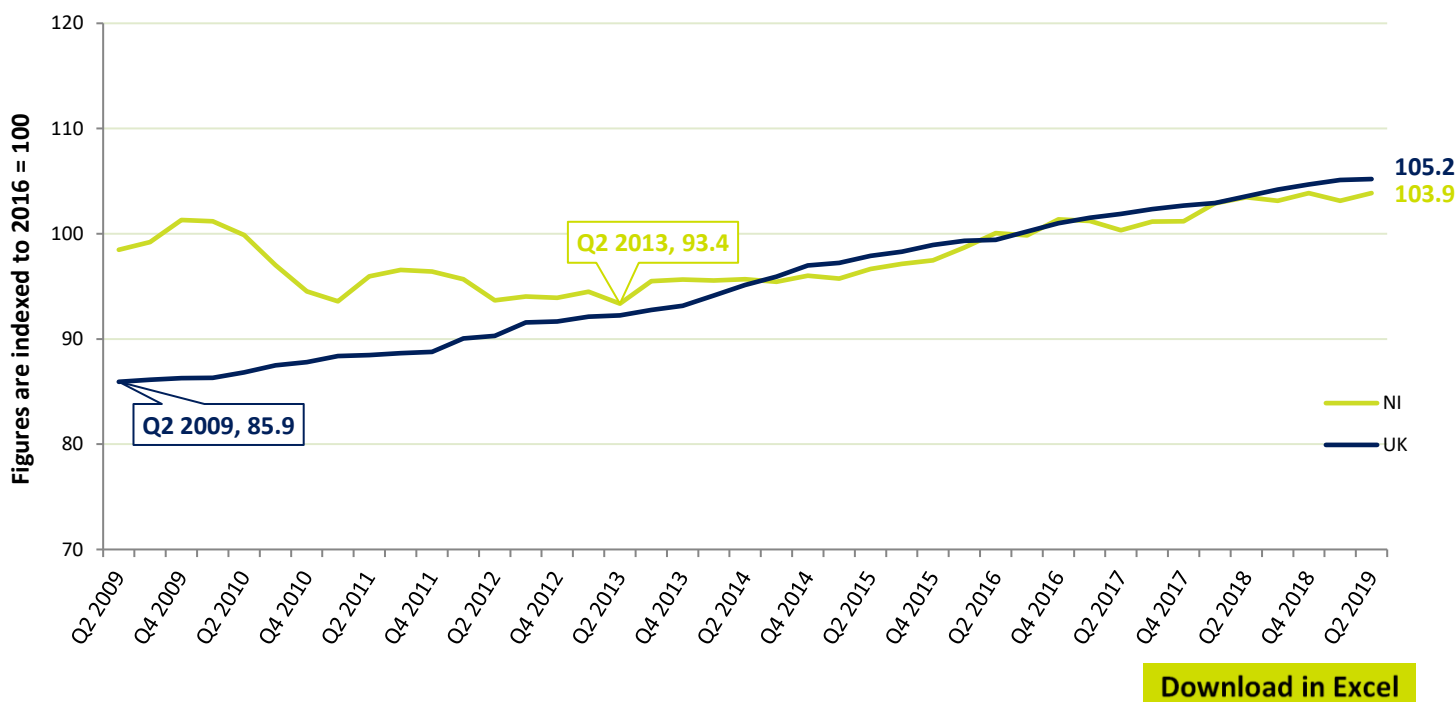
1 Summary of Index of Services

1.1 Changes in IOS

The seasonally adjusted estimate for the NI IOS for Quarter 2 2019 showed:

- output increased by 0.8% over the quarter from the Quarter 1 2019 estimate;
- output increased by 0.5% over the year from the Quarter 2 2018 estimate;
- output increased by 1.3% when the most recent four quarters are compared to the previous four quarters.

Figure 1.1 IOS, NI & UK, Q2 2009 – Q2 2019

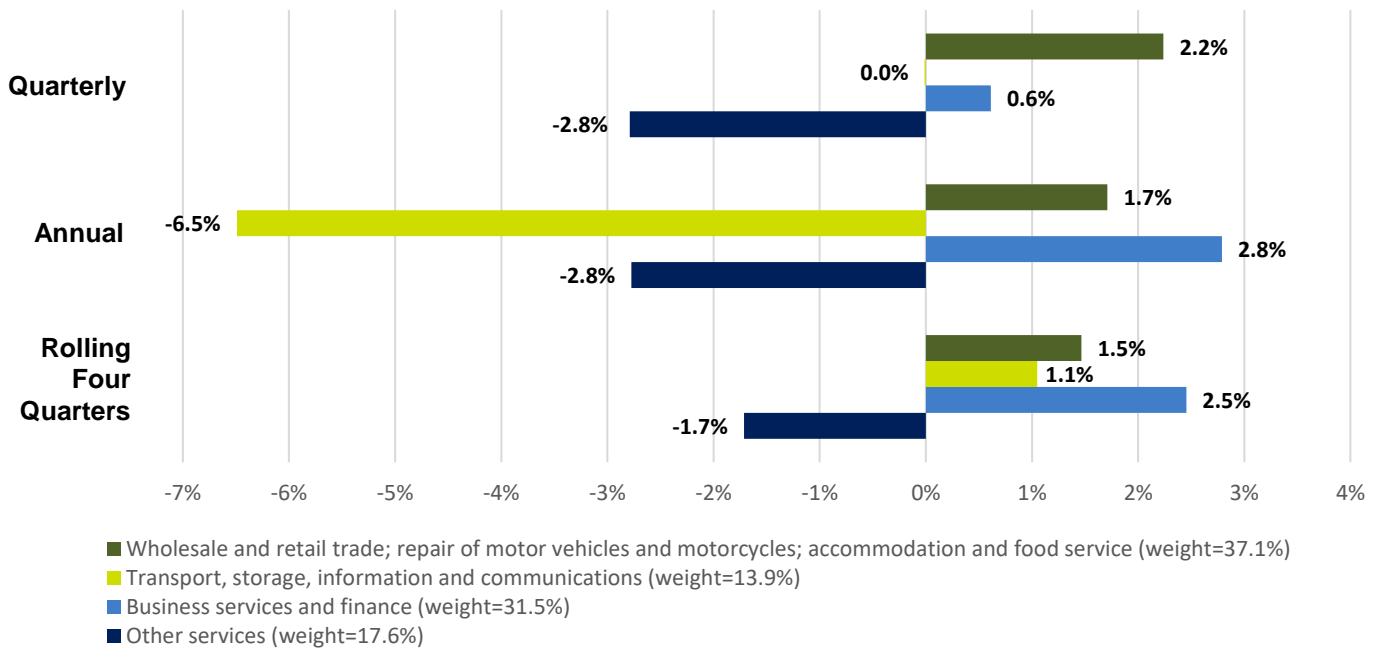


1.2 Commentary

Output in the services sector increased in real terms (0.8%) over the second quarter of 2019. NI output in this sector remains 2.6% lower than the highest point (Quarter 4 2006) since the series began but is now at the highest point over the past ten years. Growth over the year (0.5%) in the NI services sector was lower than UK growth (1.6%) over the equivalent period (Quarter 2 2018 to Quarter 2 2019). The NI IOS has recovered by 11.3% since the series low (Quarter 2 2013). The UK index has recovered by 14.1% over the same time period.

Prior to Quarter 2 2014, there were often large differences between both indices, with greater volatility in the NI index. Since Quarter 2 2014, the NI and the UK indices have followed very similar trajectories and have seen comparable change.

Figure 1.2 NI IOS Quarterly, Annual and Rolling Four Quarter Changes at Sector Level¹



Change over the quarter

Comparing the seasonally adjusted NI IOS for Quarter 2 2019 to the Quarter 1 2019 estimate showed:

- an increase in output in the wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service sector of 2.2%;
- an increase in output in the business services and finance sector of 0.6%;
- no change in output in the transport, storage, information and communications sector; and
- a decrease in output in the other services sector of 2.8%.

Change over the year

Comparing the seasonally adjusted NI IOS for Quarter 2 2019 to the Quarter 2 2018 estimate showed:

- an increase in output in the business services and finance sector of 2.8%;
- an increase in output in the wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service sector of 1.7%;
- a decrease in output in the other services sector of 2.8%; and
- a decrease in output in the transport, storage, information and communications sector of 6.5%.

Change on a rolling four quarter basis

Comparing the seasonally adjusted NI IOS for Quarter 3 2018 - Quarter 2 2019 to the Quarter 3 2017 - Quarter 2 2018 estimate showed:

- an increase in output in the business services and finance sector of 2.5%;
- an increase in output in the wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service sector of 1.5%;
- an increase in output in the transport, storage, information and communications sector of 1.1%; and
- a decrease in output in the other services sector of 1.7%.

¹ For further information on weights see Regional GVA information on page 11

1.3 Context

The IOS is an important short-term measure of change in the output of the private services sector of the economy. The contents of this report will be of interest to government policymakers, Members of the Legislative Assembly, the business community, economic commentators, academics and members of the general public with an interest in the NI economy. A summary of recent uses is available [here](#).

The Department for the Economy (DfE) [Economic Commentary \(Summer 2019\)](#) provides an overview of the NI economy, setting it in context with the UK and Republic of Ireland.

The most up-to-date official statistics on the economy and labour market are available on the [Economic Overview section](#) of the [Economic and Labour Market Statistics \(ELMS\) section of the NISRA website](#).

The IOS is published on a Standard Industrial Classification 2007 (SIC07) basis. IOS data prior to Quarter 2 2011 were collected on a SIC03 basis and have been converted to approximate the SIC07 coverage.

The [Background notes](#) section provides information on the methodology used to produce the statistics as well as information on the quality and accuracy of the data. This bulletin contains results for the service sector as a whole, for wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service, for transport, storage, information and communication, for business services and finance and for other services sub-sectors. All services sector series are seasonally adjusted on a 2016=100 basis, using X-13 ARIMA SEATS, giving data up to the most recent available quarter (Quarter 2 2019).

Comparative UK data, produced by the Office for National Statistics (ONS), are presented where these are available. Click [here](#) to see the latest UK IOS results.

This publication provides three measures of growth for the index.

1. The quarter-on-quarter change provides the most recent measure of how the sector is changing. It is appropriate to compare consecutive quarters as the indices are seasonally adjusted to remove the effects of changes in output as a result of the time of the year;
2. Comparisons with the same quarter one year ago; and
3. A comparison of the most recent twelve months with the twelve months before. The quarterly comparison over the year provides an additional control on the seasonal effects. The comparison of the rolling annual average is useful for identifying changes in output over a longer time period than the other two approaches.

1.4 Revisions

Results are provisional and subject to revision, which can be made for a variety of reasons. The most common include late responses to surveys, estimates being replaced by actual data, revisions to seasonal adjustment factors, methodological changes and changes to business classifications.

2 Services output by sector

Output: turnover, defined as the value of total sales generated from all NI based activity, excluding VAT. Turnover is rounded to the nearest thousand and is then deflated and seasonally adjusted.

2.1 Key Findings:

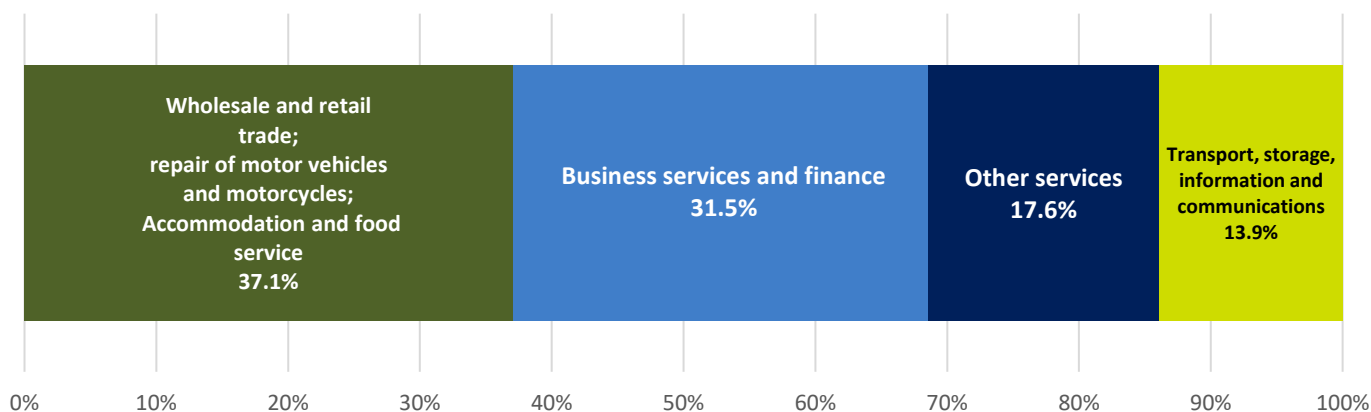
- The NI IOS increased by 0.8% over the quarter, by 0.5% over the year and by 1.3% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- The NI IOS is at the highest point in ten years but is 2.6% lower than the series high (Quarter 4 2006).
- The quarterly increase in the NI IOS has been driven by increases in the wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service (2.2%) and business services and finance (0.6%) sectors.
- Similarly, the annual increase in the NI IOS has been driven by increases in the business services and finance (2.8%) and the wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food service (1.7%) sectors.

The private service sector is comprised of four sectors but is dominated by the:

- (i) wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; accommodation and food services sector; and,
- (ii) business services and finance sector.

Together these two sectors account for approximately 70% of total private services Gross Value Added (GVA) at 2017 prices. The sectors are listed in order of importance of their contribution made to the overall IOS.

Figure 2.1 IOS private sector split (based on 2017 GVA)



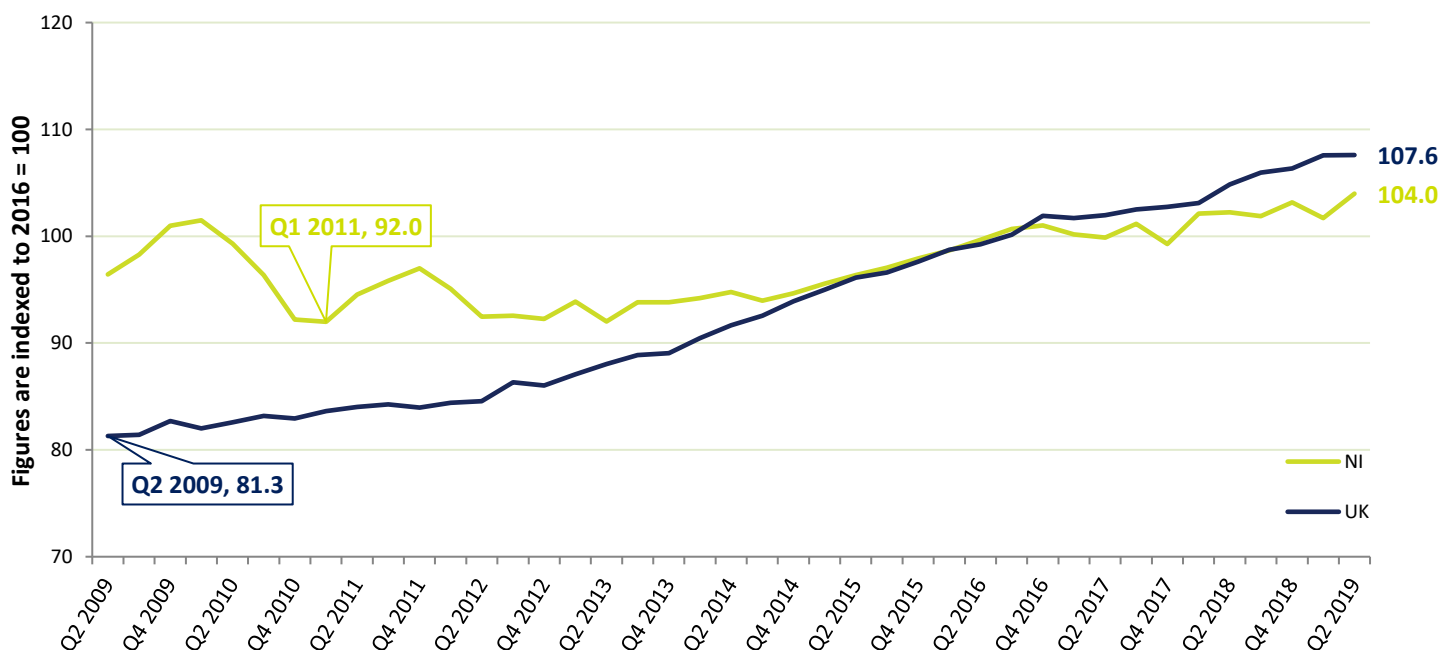
2.2 Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; Accommodation and food service sector

Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; Accommodation and food service sector (SIC 07 Section GI) – (weight = 37.1% of IOS): includes the wholesale and retail sale and the supply of services incidental to the sale of merchandise as well as the repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles. This sector also includes the provision of short-stay accommodation for visitors and the provision of complete meals and drinks fit for immediate consumption.

Key Findings:

- The NI seasonally adjusted figures showed increases of 2.2% over the quarter to Quarter 2 2019, 1.7% over the year and 1.5% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- The UK seasonally adjusted figures showed no change over the quarter to Quarter 2 2019, and increases of 2.6% over the year and 3.5% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- The NI series is outperforming the UK series on a quarterly basis but the UK series has shown stronger growth on both an annual and a rolling four quarter basis.
- NI output is now at the highest point recorded over the past ten years. Output this quarter is 1.1% below the series high (Quarter 1 2007).
- NI output is 13.0% above the series low (Quarter 1 2011).

Figure 2.2 Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; Accommodation and food service sector, NI & UK, Q2 2009 – Q2 2019



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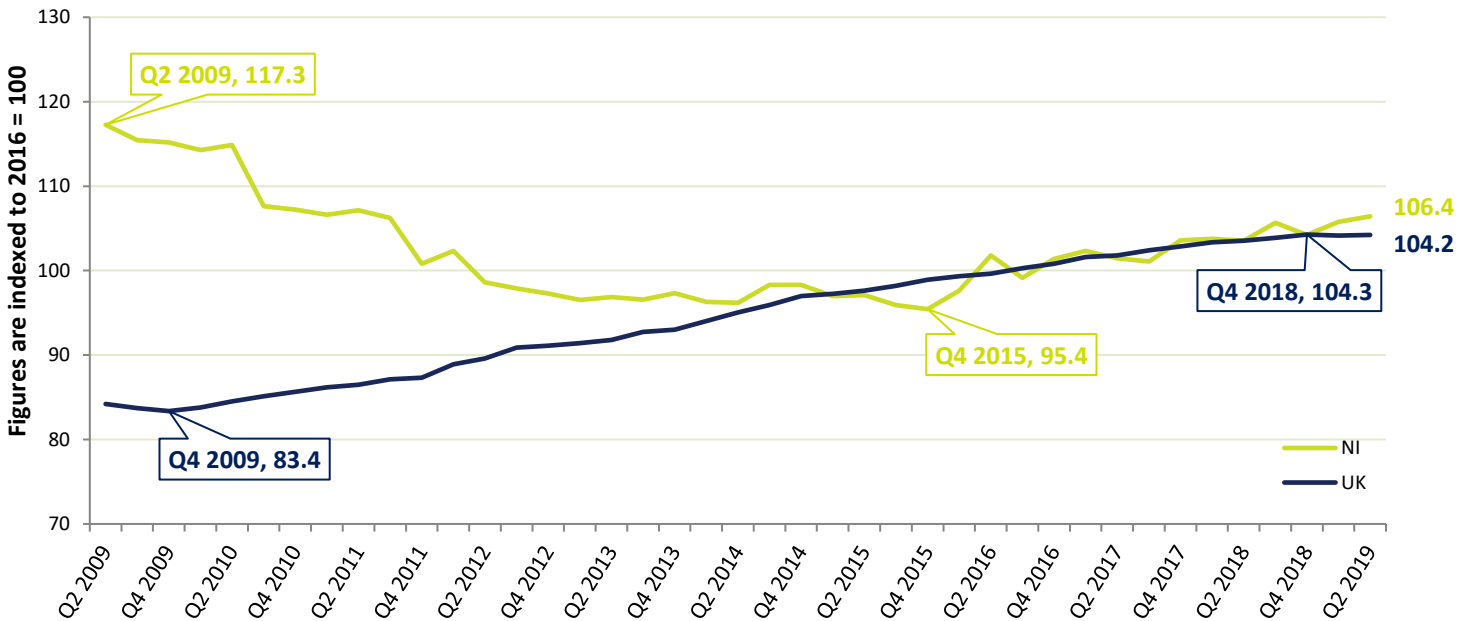
2.3 Business services and finance sector

Business services and finance sector – (SIC 07 Section KLMN) - (weight = 31.5% of IOS): includes financial service activities, real estate activities, specialised professional, scientific and technical activities and a variety of activities that support general business operations.

Key Findings:

- The NI seasonally adjusted figures showed increases of 0.6% over the quarter to Quarter 2 2019, 2.8% over the year and 2.5% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- The UK seasonally adjusted figures showed increases of 0.1% over the quarter to Quarter 2 2019, 0.7% over the year and 1.1% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- NI output is 9.3% below its highest point (Quarter 2 2009) recorded over the past ten years.
- NI output is 11.5% above the series low (Quarter 4 2015).

Figure 2.3 Business services and finance sector, NI & UK, Q2 2009 – Q2 2019



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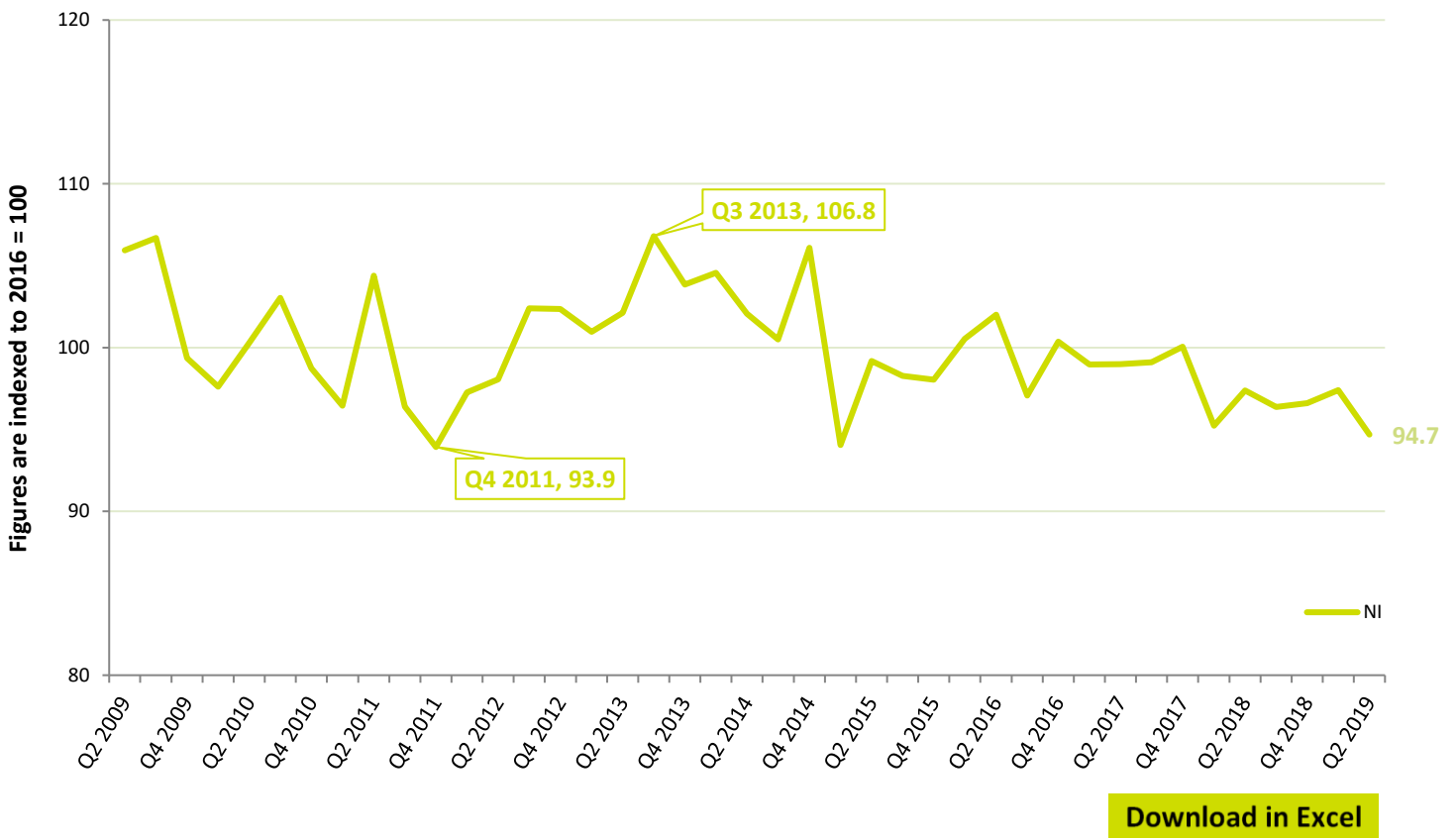
2.4 Other services sector²

Other services sector – (SIC 07 Section PQRS) - (weight 17.6% of IOS): includes other activities not covered elsewhere - education, health & social work, arts, entertainment and recreation and other services.

Key Findings:

- The NI seasonally adjusted figures showed decreases of 2.8% over both the quarter to Quarter 2 2019 and over the year and a decrease of 1.7% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- NI output is 11.3% below the highest point (Quarter 3 2013) since the series began.
- NI output is 0.8% above its lowest point (Quarter 4 2011) recorded over the past ten years and is 16.2% above the lowest point (Quarter 2 2005) recorded since the series began.

Figure 2.4 Other services sector, NI, Q2 2009 – Q2 2019



² The UK does not publish results on the same basis as NI so there are no UK results to compare against.

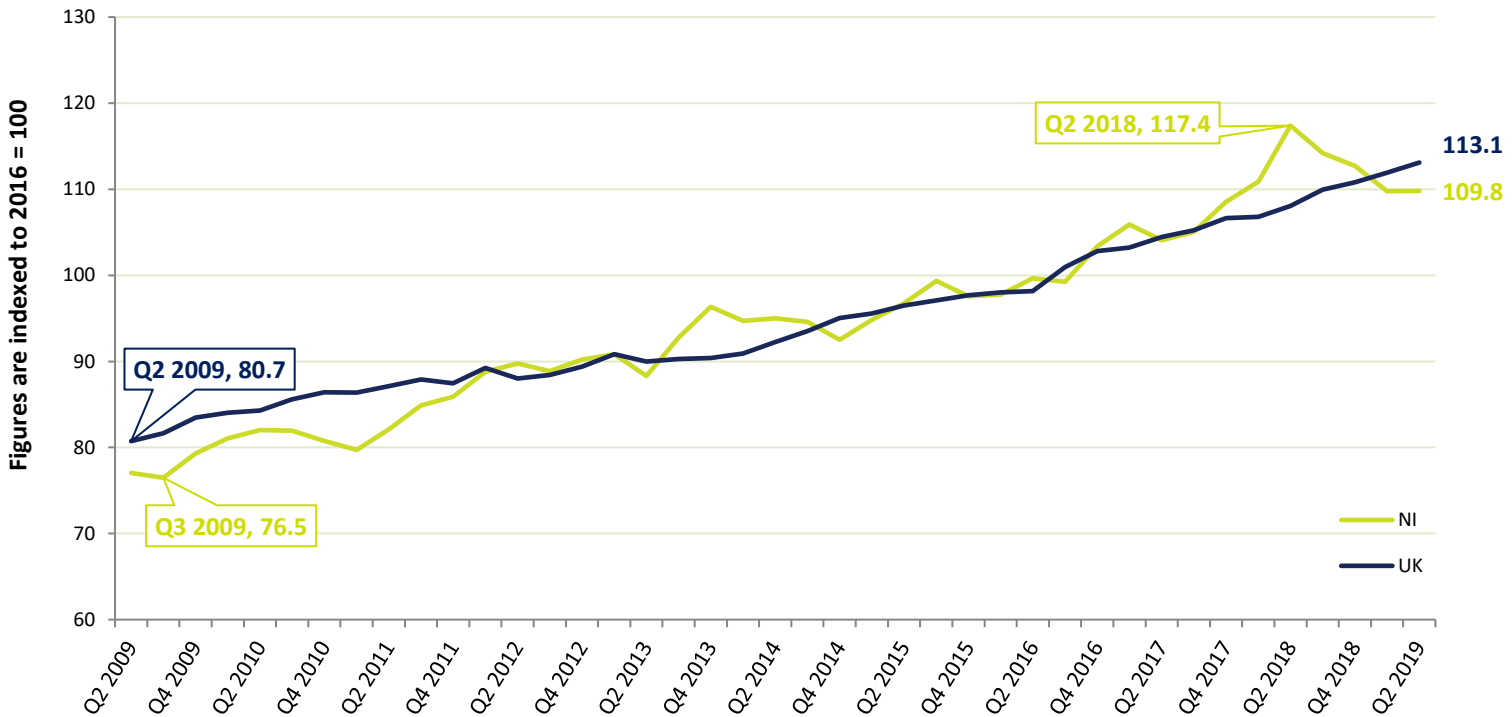
2.5 Transport, storage, information and communications sector

Transport, storage, information and communications sector – (SIC 07 Section HJ) - (weight 13.9% of IOS) : includes the provision of passenger or freight transport and associated activities, postal and courier activities, the production and distribution of information and cultural products, as well as data or communications, information technology activities and the processing of data and other information service activities.

Key Findings:

- The NI seasonally adjusted figures showed no change over the quarter to Quarter 2 2019, a decrease of 6.5% over the year and an increase of 1.1% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- The UK seasonally adjusted figures showed increases of 1.0% over the quarter to Quarter 2 2019, 4.7% over the year and 4.5% on a rolling four quarter basis.
- NI output is 6.5% below the highest point (Quarter 2 2018) since the series began.
- NI output is 43.6% above its lowest point (Quarter 3 2009) recorded over the past ten years and 61.1% above the lowest point (Q1 2005) since the series began.

Figure 2.5 Transport, storage, information and communication, NI & UK, Q2 2009 – Q2 2019



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3 Background notes

Background

The quarterly IOS provides a measure of changes in the output of the private sector service industries in NI (this is defined as SIC07 sections G to S). Based on employee jobs, in 2017 these private sector service industries accounted for 61% of all service sector Regional GVA. For further information please see the [Methodology for the NI Index of Services \(IOS\)](#).

Response rate

The IOS is a statutory survey with an average response rate of 71%.

Gross Value Added (GVA)

From Quarter 4 2017, weighting has been carried out using the balanced GVA approach which balances the income and production approaches to measuring the economy into a single estimate. For more information please see [Regional GVA information](#). Figures in this publication are weighted using 2017 GVA which became available on 12th December 2018.

Deflation

All series, unless otherwise quoted, are measured at a constant market price (2016 = 100). Deflators adjust the value series to take out the effect of price change to give the volume series. The deflators used in this bulletin were sent directly by ONS on 2nd September 2019. Details on the changes to the ONS deflators methodology can be found [here](#).

Seasonal adjustment Review

Following the annual seasonal adjustment review conducted in November 2018 changes have been made to some regressors and models used to seasonally adjust (where applicable) time series using X-13 ARIMA SEATS. This improves the reliability of results. Further details on this review and other methodological changes implemented in March 2019 are available [here](#).

Publications policy

All ELMS publications are available to download free of charge from the [ELMS section of the NISRA website](#).

The IOS bulletin and tables from the current publication, which includes all the data from the start of the series in 2005, are available in Excel and Open Document format to download free of charge from the [IOS section of the NISRA website](#).

Future IOS publications are due to be published on the same day as the Index of Production in March, June, September and December of each year.

Next publication

The next bulletin is due to be published on 19th December 2019.

The ELMS publication schedule is available [here](#).

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